The Columbian.

[COLUMBIA DEMOCRAT, STAR OF THE NORTH, and COLUMBIAN, Consolidated.]

Issued Weekly, every Friday Morning, at BLOOMSBURG, COLUMBIA CO., Pa.

AT TWO DOLLARS per year. To subscribers out of the county the terms are strictly in advance.

☞No paper discontinued except at the option of the publishers, until all arrearages are paid, but long continued credits will not be given.

All papers sent out of the State or to distant post offices must be paid for in advance, unless a responsible person in Columbia county assumes to pay the subscription due on demand.

POSTAGE is no longer exacted from subscribers in the county.

JOB PRINTING.

The Jobbing Department of the COLUMBIAN is very complete, and our Job Printing will compare favorably with that of the large cities. All work done on short notice, neatly and at moderate prices.

The Columbian.

G. E. ELWELL, J. K. BITTENBENDER, } Proprietors.

BLOOMSBURG, PA., FRIDAY, MARCH 23, 1883.

THE COLUMBIAN, VOL. XVII NO 12
COLUMBIA DEMOCRAT, VOL. XLVII, NO 3

RATES OF ADVERTISING.

	1M	2M	3M	M	1Y
One inch.......	$2 00	$2 50	$3 00	$5 00	$8 0)
Two inches	3 00	4 00	5 00	8 00	12 00
Three inches.....	4 00	5 00	7 00	11 00	18 00
Four inches......	5 00	7 00	9 00	13 00	20 00
Quarter column..	6 00	8 00	10 00	15 00	25 00
Half column......	10 00	14 00	17 00	25 00	50 00
One column......	20 00	25 00	30 00	50 00	100 00

Yearly advertisements payable quarterly. Transient advertisements must be paid for before inserted except where parties have accounts.

Legal advertisements two dollars per inch for three insertions, and at that rate for additional insertions without reference to length.

Executor's, Administrator's, and Auditor's notices three dollars. Must be paid for when inserted.

Transient or Local notices, ten cents a line, regular advertisements half rates.

Cards in the "Business Directory" column, one dollar a year for each line.

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ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
Office in 1st National Bank building, second floor, first door to the right. Corner of Main and Market streets, Bloomsburg, Pa.

N. U. FUNK,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW.
BLOOMSBURG, PA.
Office in Ent's Building.

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ATTORNEY-AT-LAW.
BLOOMSBURG, PA.
Office on Main Street, 1st door below Court House.

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ATTORNEY-AT-LAW.
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ATTORNEY-AT-LAW
Office in Brower's building, second floor, room No. 1
Bloomsburg, Pa.

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ATTORNEY-AT-LAW.
Bloomsburg, Pa.
Office corner of Centre and Main Streets. Clark's Building.
Can be consulted in German.

GEO. E. ELWELL,
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NEW COLUMBIAN BUILDING, Bloomsburg, Pa.
Member of the United States Law Association.
Collections made in any part of America or Europe.

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Attorney-at-Law.
Office in COLUMBIAN BUILDING, Room No. 2, second floor.
BLOOMSBURG, PA.

HERVEY E. SMITH,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
Bloomsburg, Pa.
Office in Mrs. Ent's Building.
Sept. 15 '82-1 y.

GUY JACOBY,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW.
BLOOMSBURG,
Office in H. J. Clark's Building, second floor, first door to the left.
Oct. 8, '80.

S. KNORR. L. S. WINTERSTEEN. Notary Public
KNORR & WINTERSTEEN,
Attorneys-at-Law.
Office in 1st National Bank building, second floor, first door to the left. Corner of Main and Market streets Bloomsburg, Pa.
☞*Pensions and Bounties Collected.*

J. H. MAIZE,
ATTORNEY-AT LAW
AND
JUSTICE OF THE PEACE.
Office in Mrs. Ent's Building, third door from Main street. May 20, '81.

JOHN C. YOCUM,
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Office in NEWS ITEM building, Main street.
Member of the American Attorneys' Association.
Collections made in any part of America.
Jan. 5, 1882.

A. K. OSWALD,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW.
Jackson Building, Rooms 4 and 5.
May 6, '81. BERWICK, PA

RHAWN & ROBINS,
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Catawissa, Pa.
Office, corner of Third and Main Streets.

WM. H. SNYDER,
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Can be consulted in German. aug 18 '82

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FIRE AND LIFE INSURANCE
COMPANIES REPRESENTED.
☞Office with the Berwick Independent.

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C. G. BARKLEY, Attorney-at-Law, office in Brower's building, 2nd story, Rooms 4 & 5

R. BUCKINGHAM, Attorney-at-Law. Office, Brockway's Building 1st floor, Bloomsburg, Penn'a. may 7, '80-t f

J. B. McKELVY, M. D., Surgeon and Physician, north side Main street, below Market

A. L. FRITZ, Attorney-at-Law. Office in COLUMBIAN Building. June 24 '81

C. M. DRINKER, GUN & LOCKSMITH
Sewing Machines and Machinery of all kinds repaired. OPERA HOUSE Building, Bloomsburg, Pa.

DR. J. C. RUTTER,
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DR. WM. M. REBER, Surgeon and Physician. Office corner of Rock and Market street.

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JAMES REILLY,
Tonsorial Artist,
Is again at his old stand under EXCHANGE HOTEL, and has as usual a FIRST-CLASS BARBER SHOP. He respectfully solicits the patronage of his old customers and of the public generally. july 16, '80-tf

EXCHANGE HOTEL.
W. R. TUBBS, PROPRIETOR
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OPPOSITE COURT HOUSE.
Large and convenient sample rooms. Bath rooms hot and cold water, and all modern conveniences

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CARPETS

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BLOOMSBURG PLANING MILL

—:o:—

The undersigned having put his Planing Mil on Railroad Street, in first-class condition, is prepared to do all kinds of work in his line.

FRAMES, SASH, DOORS,
BLINDS, MOULDINGS,
FLOORING, Etc.

furnished at reasonable prices. All lumber used is well seasoned and none but skilled workmen are employed.

ESTIMATES FOR BUILDINGS
furnished on application. Plans and specifications prepared by an experienced draughtsman.
CHARLES KRUG,
Bloomsburg, Pa.

PLUMBING,
GAS FITTING,
STOVES AND TINWARE.
—:o:—
E. B. BROWER
Has purchased the Stock and Business of I. Hagenbuch, and is now prepared to do all kinds of work in his line. Plumbing and Gas Fitting a specialty. Tinware, Stoves,
RANGES AND HEATERS,
in a great variety. All work done by
EXPERIENCED HANDS.
Main Street corner of East.
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PAPER HANGING.
WM. F. BODINE,
IRON ST., BELOW SECOND, BLOOMSBURG, PA. is prepared to do all kinds of
HOUSE PAINTING
Plain and Ornamental
PAPER HANGING,
BOTH DECORATIVE AND PLAIN.
All kinds of Furniture Repaired and made as good as new.
NONE BUT FIRST-CLASS WORKMEN EMPLOYED.
Estimates Made on all Work.
WM. F. BODINE.

SPRING AND SUMMER CLOTHING.
--:o:--
A. J. EVANS,
The uptown Clothier, has just received a fine line of New Goods, and is prepared to make up
FALL AND WINTER SUITS
For Men and Boys in the neatest manner and Latest Styles.
GENTS' FURNISHING GOODS,
Hats, Caps, &c.,
Always on hand. Call and Examine. EVANS BLOCK Corner Main and Iron Streets,
BLOOMSBURG, PA.

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—DENTIST,—
BLOOMSBURG, COLUMBIA COUNTY, PA.
All styles of work done in a superior manner, work warranted as represented. TEETH EXTRACTED WITHOUT PAIN by the use of Gas, and free of charge when artificial teeth are inserted.
Office over Bloomsburg Banking Company.
To be open at all hours during the day
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B. F. SHARPLESS,
FOUNDER AND MACHINIST,
NEAR L. & B. DEPOT, BLOOMSBURG, PA.
Manufacturer of Plows, Stoves and all kinds of Castings. Large stock of Tinware, Cook Stoves, Room Stoves, Stoves for heating stores, school houses, churches, &c. Also, large stock of repairs for city stoves of all kinds, wholesale and retail such as Fire Brick, Grates, Lids, Centres, &c., Stove Pipe, Cook Boilers, Spiders, Cake Plates, Large Iron Kettles, Sled Soles, Wagon Boxes, all kinds of Plow Points, Mould Boards, Bolts, Plaster, Salt,
——BONE MANURE, &c.——
feb 3 t-f

FREAS BROWN'S INSURANCE AGENCY. Moyer's new building, Main street, Bloomsburg, Pa.

	Assets.
Ætna Insurance Co., of Hartford, Conn.	$7,078,224
Royal of Liverpool	13,500,000
Lancashire	10,000,000
Fire Association, Philadelphia	4,163,717
Phoenix, of London	5,266,372
London & Lancashire, of England	1,709,976
Hartford of Hartford	3,273,000
Springfield Fire and Marine	2,082,585

As the agencies are direct, policies are written for the insured without any delay in the office at Bloomsburg. Oct. 28, '81-tf.

FIRE INSURANCE.
CHRISTIAN F. KNAPP, BLOOMSBURG, PA.
BRITISH AMERICA ASSURANCE COMPANY
GERMAN FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY.
NATIONAL FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY.
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These OLD CORPORATIONS are well seasoned by age and FIRE TESTED and have never yet had a loss settled by any court of law. Their assets are all invested in SOLID SECURITIES and are liable to the hazard of FIRE only.
Losses PROMPTLY and HONESTLY adjusted and paid as soon as determined by CHRISTIAN F. KNAPP, SPECIAL AGENT AND ADJUSTER BLOOMSBURG, PA.
The people of Columbia county should patronize the agency where losses if any are settled and paid by one of their own citizens.
PROMPTNESS, EQUITY, FAIR DEALING.

B. F. HARTMAN
REPRESENTS THE FOLLOWING
AMERICAN INSURANCE COMPANIES
Lycoming of Muncy Pennsylvania.
North American of Philadelphia, Pa.
Franklin of " "
Pennsylvania of " "
Farmers of York, Pa.
Hanover of New York.
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Office on Market Street, No. 5, Bloomsburg.
oct. 24, '79-1y

DARBYS
PROPHYLACTIC
FLUID.
A Household Article for Universal Family Use.

Eradicates MALARIA.

For Scarlet and Typhoid Fevers, Diphtheria, Salivation, Ulcerated Sore Throat, Small Pox, Measles, and all Contagious Diseases. Persons waiting on the Sick should use it freely. Scarlet Fever has never been known to spread where the Fluid was used. Yellow Fever has been cured with it after black vomit had taken place. The worst cases of Diphtheria yield to it.

Fevered and Sick Persons refreshed and Bed Sores prevented by bathing with Darbys Fluid.
Impure Air made harmless and purified.
For Sore Throat it is a sure cure.
Contagion destroyed.
For Frosted Feet, Chilblains, Piles, Chafings, etc.
Rheumatism cured.
Soft White Complexions secured by its use.
Ship Fever prevented.
To purify the Breath, Cleanse the Teeth, it can't be surpassed.
Catarrh relieved and cured.
Erysipelas cured.
Burns relieved instantly.
Scars prevented.
Dysentery cured.
Wounds healed rapidly.
Scurvy cured.
An Antidote for Animal or Vegetable Poisons, Stings, etc.
I used the Fluid during our present affliction with Scarlet Fever with decided advantage. It is indispensable to the sick-room. — WM. F. SANDFORD, Eyrie, Ala.

SMALL-POX and PITTING of Small Pox PREVENTED

A member of my family was taken with Small-pox. I used the Fluid; the patient was not delirious, was not pitted, and was about the house again in three weeks, and no others had it. — J. W. PARKINSON, Philadelphia.

Diphtheria Prevented.

The physicians here use Darbys Fluid very successfully in the treatment of Diphtheria.
A. STOLLENWERCK, Greensboro, Ala.

Tetter dried up.
Cholera prevented.
Ulcers purified and healed.
In cases of Death it should be used about the corpse—it will prevent any unpleasant smell.

Scarlet Fever Cured.

The eminent Physician, J. MARION SIMS, M. D., New York, says: "I am convinced Prof. Darbys Prophylactic Fluid is a valuable disinfectant."

Vanderbilt University, Nashville, Tenn.
I testify to the most excellent qualities of Prof. Darbys Prophylactic Fluid. As a disinfectant and detergent it is both theoretically and practically superior to any preparation with which I am acquainted.—N. T. LUPTON, Prof. Chemistry.

Darbys Fluid is Recommended by
Hon. ALEXANDER H. STEPHENS, of Georgia;
Rev. CHAS. F. DEEMS, D.D., Church of the Strangers, N. Y.;
Jos. LECONTE, Columbia, Prof., University, S.C.
Rev. A. J. BATTLE, Prof., Mercer University;
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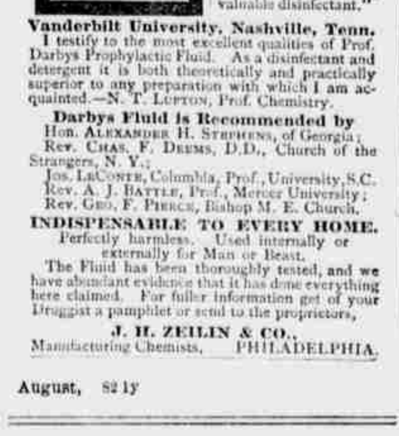
INDISPENSABLE TO EVERY HOME.
Perfectly harmless. Used internally or externally for Man or Beast.
The Fluid has been thoroughly tested, and we have abundant evidence that it has done everything here claimed. For fuller information get of your Druggist a pamphlet or send to the proprietors,
J. H. ZEILIN & CO.,
Manufacturing Chemists, PHILADELPHIA.

August, 82 1y


Yours for Health
Lydia E. Pinkham

LYDIA E. PINKHAM'S
VEGETABLE COMPOUND.
Is a Positive Cure
For all those Painful Complaints and Weaknesses so common to our best female population.
A Medicine for Women. Invented by a Woman. Prepared by a Woman.
The Greatest Medical Discovery Since the Dawn of History.
☞It revives the drooping spirits, invigorates and harmonizes the organic functions, gives elasticity and firmness to the step, restores the natural lustre to the eye, and plants on the pale cheek of woman the fresh roses of life's spring and early summer time.
☞Physicians Use it and Prescribe it Freely.☜
It removes faintness, flatulency, destroys all craving for stimulants, and relieves weakness of the stomach.
That feeling of bearing down, causing pain, weight and backache, is always permanently cured by its use.
For the cure of Kidney Complaints of either sex this Compound is unsurpassed.
LYDIA E. PINKHAM'S BLOOD PURIFIER will eradicate every vestige of Humors from the Blood, and give tone and strength to the system, of man woman or child. Insist on having it.
Both the Compound and Blood Purifier are prepared at 233 and 235 Western Avenue, Lynn, Mass. Price of either, $1. Six bottles for $5. Sent by mail in the form of pills, or of lozenges, on receipt of price, $1 per box for either. Mrs. Pinkham freely answers all letters of inquiry. Enclose 3ct. stamp. Send for pamphlet.
No family should be without LYDIA E. PINKHAM'S LIVER PILLS. They cure constipation, biliousness, and torpidity of the liver. 25 cents per box.
☞Sold by all Druggists.☜ (1)

Daughters, Wives, Mothers!

DR. J. B. MARCHISI,
UTICA, N. Y.
DISCOVERER OF DR. MARCHISI'S
CATHOLICON,
A POSITIVE CURE FOR FEMALE COMPLAINTS.
This remedy will act in harmony with the Female system at all times, and also immediately upon the abdominal and uterine muscles, and restore them to a healthy and strong condition.
Dr. Marchisi's Uterine Catholicon will cure falling of the womb, Leucorrhea, Chronic Inflammation and Ulceration of the Womb, Incidental Hemorrhage or Flooding, Painful, Suppressed and Irregular Menstruation, Kidney Complaint, Barrenness and is especially adapted to the change of Life. Send for pamphlet free. All letters of inquiry freely answered. Address as above. For sale by all druggists. New size $1 per bottle, Old size $1.50. Be sure and ask for Dr. Marchisi's Uterine Catholicon. Take no other.
Moyer Bros., Wholesale Agents, Bloomsburg Pa
June 23-1y.

KIDNEY-WORT
HAS BEEN PROVED
The SUREST CURE for
KIDNEY DISEASES.
Does a lame back or disordered urine indicate that you are a victim? THEN DO NOT HESITATE; use Kidney-Wort at once, (druggists recommend it) and it will speedily overcome the disease and restore healthy action.
Ladies. For complaints peculiar to your sex, such as pain and weaknesses, Kidney-Wort is unsurpassed, as it will act promptly and safely.
Either Sex. Incontinence, retention of urine, brick dust or ropy deposits, and dull dragging pains, all speedily yield to its curative power.
45- SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS. Price $1.
Acts at the Same Time on
Kidneys, Liver and Bowels.
KIDNEY-WORT

WAINWRIGHT & CO.,
WHOLESALE GROCERS,
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TEAS, SYRUPS, COFFEE, SUGAR, MOLASSES.
RICE, SPICES, BICARB SODA, &C., &C.
N. E. Corner Second and Arch streets.
☞Orders will receive prompt attention

SELECT STORY.

"IN THE MORNING."

"Did you see that young lady in white talking with Clarke?"

The speaker was a tall, dashing-looking man of thirty-five, in the uniform of a cavalry colonel in the Confederate service. The time was a summer night in '63; the place the hotel parlor in a small village of Middle Tennessee. The occasion a "hop" given in honor of a detachment of Forrest's cavalry, the daring riders whose names are household words in Southern homes, from the mountains of Tennessee to the valley of the Mississippi. The young lady referred to was a pretty, graceful girl, with dark grey eyes, waving hair, of dark, reddish gold and the exquisite complexion that so often accompanies it.

"Who is she?" asked the colonel's companion.

"That is Picton's sweetheart, Miss Garnett."

"Not the same one that saved his life after Shiloh?" said Captain Barclay.

"The same," rejoined Colonel Terry. "She is a little creature to do such a thing, but she did. You see, she was in the neighborhood at the time of the battle, and somebody told her that Picton was killed. She went over the field and found him badly wounded through the lungs but still alive. She sent a boy that she had brought with her to hunt up a surgeon, and she stayed by Picton. The boy found Dr. Cowan, and when they got back Miss Garnett had raised Picton up with his head on her breast, so that he could breathe more easily. Dr. Cowan examined the wound without moving him, and told her that he was afraid it was hopeless, for the least motion, even laying down again, might produce a fatal hemorrhage. If he could be kept perfectly quiet until morning, and the bleeding checked during the night, he might have a brae chance of pulling through. 'Well,' said the brave little woman, 'he shall be kept quiet for I will stay just here and not let him move.' And she did; she never stirred all night, and in the morning they carried him to the nearest house, and she nursed him until he was out of danger."

"That's a sweetheart worth having" said Capt. Barclay, with a glance of admiration at the subject of their conversation.

Half an hour later Colonel Terry was at Miss Garnett's side, receiving a warm greeting that told the two were fast friends.

"Tell me of my friends in the old battalion," she said pleasantly.

"How many?" he asked, quizzically; "more than one?"

"I meant what I said," she answered with a merry laugh and a quick bright blush; "I have heard from 'one' of them very recently."

"Does Charles know you are here?" asked the Colonel.

"No it is a week since I left Memphis. Will they join you here?"

"They?" he replied inquiringly.

"The rest of the command, I mean, she replied, blushing again.

"A portion of it may, but for that part that you are interested in I cannot say. You know they are with the old general, and their movements can't be counted on with any great certainty."

"They are 'comets' of the service," said Miss Garnett. "Quite as erratic at all events."

"May I have the pleasure of this dance?" said the Colonel, as the band struck up a quadrille. "I know it is useless to ask you for a waltz."

The dance over, he lead her to a chair, and after a moment's gay badinage, was about to resign his place in favor of other claimants for her smiles, when he saw a sudden, ghastly pallor overspread her features.

"Miss Alice are you ill?" he exclaimed, anxiously. "Let me get you some water."

It was scarcely a moment before his return, but even then he was shocked at her white, drawn face.

"Call my sister," she had said to another gentleman with her, while Colonel Terry had gone for the water, and both reached her at the same time.

"Lucy, take me home," she whispered, faintly, "I am dying."

"O, no, darling," said her sister tenderly; "you will be well in the morning"

As quickly as possible the carriage was called, and the sick girl placed in it.

When they were just started Colonel Terry wished them good night, expressing his hopes that Miss Alice would have recovered by morning. She put out her hand, and exerting her strength said, distinctly:

"Yes, I shall be well 'in the morning.' Tell Charley—" her voice failed, and lifting her slim, white hand, she loosened the flowers she wore at her breast and put them into the colonel's hand. "Give those to him—yes—in the morning." Her voice died away to a faint whisper, and her head fell back on her sister's shoulder. The lady who acted as their chaperon hastened to apply restoratives, and the carriage rolled swiftly away.

The next morning, when Colonel Terry called to inquire after the invalid, he had no need to ask, for from the door there floated the mournful insignia of death. Shocked beyond expression, the hardy soldier turned away, unable then to even offer his services, if they were needed. He went again after awhile and saw Mrs. Cameron, the hostess of the sisters during their visit. From her he learned the brief details of Alice's death. Her attack had been a sudden spasm of the heart, and she had never rallied. She had spoken but once; then they had caught her lover's name and a repitition of the words, "In the morning."

"Poor Charlie, who will tell him?" groaned the colonel, when the lady's voice ceased.

"You are his best friend," she answered. "I think no one else could do it so gently."

"I can't," he replied, shaking his head. "I would rather face a battery. Why, you don't know, you can't think how his very life seems bound up in her; and now"—

They buried her next day; six of Picton's friends carried his dead love to her grave, and then came sadly back, each questioning who would bear the tidings to the gallant *sabreur* far away with the old brigade.

That night the order came to join the main command, and by daylight the troops were miles away. As they reached the vicinity of the appointed rendezvous a desultory firing warned them of an approaching conflict. Presently they formed themselves in the midst of a portion of the command, drawn up in a piece of woods, overlooking a sloping field, which on the other side rose to a sharp eminence, on the brow of which was posted a federal battery.

Further to the right the firing became sharper, and soon the roll of musketry swept all along the line.

"I say, Barclay," called Colonel Terry as that officer passed him, "have you seen Picton yet?" And as Barclay shook his head, he added. "Tell the boys not to let him know yet. Wait till this is over."

"All right; I'll tell them," answered Barclay as he rode away.

"The old general will be wanting that battery the first thing they know," said one of the men, as a shell exploded over their heads, "they'd better keep it quiet."

"Thar, what did I tell you?" he added, biting off a huge piece of "long green," "thar go the Mississippi boys now."

As he spoke a tawny column moved out of the woods and swept gallantly across the field. But as they reached the centre a murderous round of grape and cannister tore through their ranks, and the column broke in confusion. Three times their leaders rallied them to the charge, and three times they were shattered by the galling fire.

"Tell you what, boys," called out the long-legged private who had before spoken, "thar's fun comin' now. That's Gans' bugle. The 'old regiment' want some of the pie."

He stopped and felt his saddle girth as he spoke then straightened himself and waited the command, for he was "one of the boys." The next moment there was a ringing cheer from the ranks as General Forrest rode up.

"Boys," he exclaimed, pointing with his sword, "I want that battery captured. One regiment has tried and couldn't take it. Now I want you, boys, to do better than they did. I am going to lead you, and I want you all to follow me."

Another cheer was his answer as they fell into ranks.

"Charge!" and down the slope rode the gallant "old regiment," never faltering as the grapeshot swept through the serried ranks, closing each gap as it was made by the deadly fire; on, on, following the lead of the tall figure at the head of the column till they rode right over the death-dealing guns, "sab'ring the gunners there," and the woods gave back the ringing echoes of the famous "rebel yell" as the victory was won.

Won! Yes, but at a fearful cost. That fatal slope was drenched with the blood of the South-land's bravest.

After the charge Colonel Terry found himself face to face with Charles Picton. "My God, how can I tell him" muttered the colonel to himself, as the gallant young fellow rode toward him holding out his hand.

"It takes the 'old regiment' to do things up in style!" he said, grasping the colonel's hand. "Say, Terry, did you see Miss Alice? Coleman has just got back from Memphis, and he told me she had gone on a visit to some friends in C.

But as he spoke he suddenly put his hand to his side. "I am shot!" he gasped, faintly.

It was true. A stray bullet had struck him in the side, and Colonel Terry caught him as he reeled in his saddle, and rode with him to the field hospital.

When the surgeon examined his wound he shook his head doubtfully.

"I know a nurse worth twenty doctors," whispered Picton with a smile, "Terry can't you fetch her to me?"

Through the night the colonel stayed with him. Once he wakened and repeated the question he had asked before he was shot.

"I saw her, yes," the colonel answered huskily, "she sent you some flowers."

The blue eyes lighted up with a tender glow, and Picton held out his hand.

Silently Colonel Terry took from his breast-pocket the withered flowers, a spray of ivy and a half-opened white rose, and laid them in the outstretched hand.

Then the wounded man slept, but in a couple of hours awoke much worse, and the surgeon in his rounds told the bronzed watcher that the end was very near.

"Terry," and the colonel bent his head to catch the faint accents, "I'm dying. I wouldn't mind—only—poor Alice. Tell her gently, please—she loves me, you know and I—O, Terry! it is hard to leave her. My poor darling!"

For a moment the colonel could not answer. Then, choking back a sob, he said slowly and distinctly:

"Charley, Alice is waiting for you. You are not leaving her, but going to see her."

A bewildered troubled look came into the wistful blue eyes.

"Don't you understand me Charley? She is dead. We buried her there in C. I couldn't tell you before, dear old boy. But now you will be with her. She died with your name on her lips, murmuring of meeting you 'in the morning.'"

He understood now, and a smile of relief flitted across his pale lips. "Dear girl" he murmured, "I am so glad she will not have this grief to bear."

Then he slept again, and the hours passed on until the eastern sky brightened with the solemn dawnlight.

"Terry!" the word was but the faintest whisper, but the watcher instantly bent his head to listen.

"It is morning," came the faint, gasping accents; and again the white lids drooped over the blue eyes. Five—ten minutes passed. Then Colonel Terry lifted the dead hands and crossed them over the pulseless breast, reverently covered the still white face, and turned away.

His two friends had met once more "in the morning" of a fadeless day.—*Courier-Journal.*

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Probably the largest kite in the world was recently made near Rochester, New York. The frame was of lumber two inches wide by half an inch in thickness, and was covered with manilla paper. The surface contained nearly 250 square feet. The string by which the kite was flown was of three-inch rope, and 5,000 feet in length. It shot into the air like a balloon, and after floating a mile high for two hours was only brought down by means of a pulley and team.

A Kentucky Wild Man.

A MAN COVERED WITH THICK HAIR, WHO REFUSES BREAD, BUT VORACIOUSLY EATS MEAT AND RELISHES FRUIT, LIVING AS A HERMIT FOR TWELVE YEARS.

Among the passengers recently bound for New York from the West was a wild man, who occupied a seat in smoking car 153. He was accompanied by James Harvey and Raymond Boyd, his captors, both of whom belong in Paducah County, Kentucky. They had three second-class tickets to New York, which privileges them to three seats in the smoking-car of any first-class train. They were on their way to Bridgeport, Connecticut, to make arrangements with P. T. Barnum to exhibit their prize in conjunction with his circus.

When the day express arrived at the Broad Street Station, at 9 o'clock, James Harvey ran down the platform, into the restaurant and purchased a box of sardines and some sandwiches for the wild man's supper. His companion remained in the smoker in charge of the wild man.

He was dressed in citizen's dress and wore big cloth shoes. His hair reaches nearly to his waist and falls over his shoulders, completely covering his back; his beard is long and thick, while his eyebrows are much heavier than those of an ordinary human being. There is nothing imbecile in the wild man's manners or actions. He cannot talk and seldom makes any sound whatever except a low howl like a leopard. His actions are as much like those of a hyena in the Zoological Garden as it is possible for anything in human form to be.

Raymond Boyd, who seemed to have perfect control over the wild man, said his body was covered with coarse, brown hair as thick as the hair on a horse's hide. The palms of his hands looked like the paws of a bear, and his finger nails, which were over an inch long, resembled the claws of an eagle.

THE DISCOVERY AND CAPTURE.

He was first seen in Paducah county thirteen years ago, and was known as "Mum, the Hermit," because whenever anyone accosted him all he would say was, "Mum's the word." He lived in an old pine hut in the woods for five years, and was seldom seen by anyone. Finally he abandoned the hut and took up his abode in a cave under a ledge of rocks known as "Lizard Rock." A little over six years ago two or three citizens of Paducah county, while out hunting, saw him running into his cave, without a stitch of clothing on him. He was seen several times after that wearing no clothing. Three years ago it was discovered that a thick coat of hair had grown all over his body.

Boyd and Harvey built a big man-trap for him over three weeks ago, and placed a big piece of freshly killed beef in it. They watched the trap for three days before he entered it. He was not afraid of any bird or beast of prey, but ran terrified away from any human being who approached him. It took two days to accustom the man-beast to their presence. The tinkle of a small dinner bell they used had a great influence over him. He watched the bell intently but would not touch it.

EATING A LIVE CALF AND TWO SHEEP.

Some time ago a farmer missed a calf and two sheep, which had strayed off. They were tracked to "Mum's" cave: here all trace of them was lost, and it was supposed he devoured them.

In his cave, which he had occupied for the last seven or eight years, Boyd and Harvey found the skeletons of small animals and the skins of over fifty snakes. Some of the skins belonged to the most venomous species of reptiles. The floor of the cave was alive with red and green lizards, and hundreds of toads hopped about.

The wild man ate the box of sardines voraciously, and the two sandwiches which were handed him were greedily pulled apart. He ate the ham and threw the bread away. Whenever a train passed on the opposite track he crouched down in the corner of the seat terror stricken. After the train had passed he would put his hand to his ear and listen with a look of animal cunning stealing out of his restless eyes like a panther about to pounce on its prey.

Every time the engineer blew his whistle the wild man would grab the back of the seat with both hands and hold on until the whistle ceased blowing.

Boyd had a little tin music box which he manipulated with a crank. The one tune of "Empty is the Cradle" was ground again and again to the great satisfaction of the ex-hermit who sat and looked at it silently, but would not touch it

AFRAID OF THE CONDUCTOR'S PUNCH.

When Conductor Harry Smith took out his glistening nickle-plated punch to cancel the tickets the wild man watched the punch intently until he heard it snap. Then he got down in the corner of the seat, fairly shivering with fear, and set up a low howl supposing, evidently, that Conductor Smith was about to wing him.

Boyd and Harvey said that there was a story to the effect that the wild man had originally come from North Carolina, and that during the war he had been sharp-shooter on Bald Mountain, and that shortly after the war he had murdered a whole family of settlers in the mountain and fled.

Both Boyd and Harvey appear like shrewd fellows, and expect to make a fortune out of their prize. Their great anxiety and fear is that the authorities will interfere with them, and claim that the man is simply a lunatic, and place him in some institution. They had the snake skins in a box in the baggage car, together with some other curiosities found in the cave. Boyd said the wild man will not touch anything but fruit and meat, which he eats ravenously, and much the same as a wild beast. Segar smoke bothered him a good deal, and he kept driving it away from him with his clawy hands.

When the train arrived in Jersey City the men took a carriage, and said they were going to take the New Haven night boat from the foot of Peck's Slip, and avoid a daylight crowd in New York. In case they cannot make satisfactory terms with Barnum, or some other prominent circus man, they intend exhibiting their prize themselves as soon as they can extensively advertise him, beginning in New York City some time in May.

In the meantime they are going to keep him in some secluded place on Long Island.

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How Kid Gloves are Made.

The kid glove is a simple but very important article of dress. Of the millions of persons who wear gloves, how few ever give the subject of their manufacture a passing thought. The best skins generally come from middle and sutheastern France. Fine seasons improve the quality of the skins greatly, as the animals are kept in the open air. In wet weather it is necessary to keep the kids housed. The confinement, if lengthy, causes heating, and produces fever spots on the skins. The animals on the Tyrol mountains furnish good leather for men's wear. South American kids being more or less wild, their coats become scratched and torn by contact with bushes, briars, etc., and are not desirable.

PREPARING THE SKINS.

The pelt as taken from the animal is dried; then, through a series of baths, the hair and grease are removed and the skin cleansed thoroughly. A most difficult stage of the business is tanning and dyeing the leathers; so much skill being requisite to obtain the desired shades and colors. This is accomplished with the best success in France, as the French possess the art of leather dyeing to a degree not yet attained by other nations. In order afterwards to make the skin soft, full and flexible, it is fed with—actually absorbing quite a quantity of—a preparation of wheat flour and egg yolks. Subsequently the parts around the neck and shoulders, where the skin is thickest, are shaved with a sharp knife to render it uniform in thickness throughout

CUTTING OUT THE GLOVE.

The leather fully prepared is carefully examined for imperfections; perfect skins are retained, imperfect ones laid aside. The cutting of material for kid gloves can only be done by hand, each piece being carefully measured in order to allow the proper stretching space. The stamping, which comprises cutting out the form of the glove, is done by machinery rapidly, as three pair are usually "stamped" at one time. From the cutter they pass to the embroiderer, thence to the sewer, then to the buttonhole maker, afterwards to the finisher, who binds the wrist, and finally to the person whose business it is to pair and press them. The long mousquetaire gloves generally consume the entire skin of one kid. These are ordinary gloves ten different sizes for ladies—5½ to 8; thirteen different sizes for men—7 to 11; for misses the sizes are from 4½ to 6¼, and for boys the cadet sizes range from 6½ to 7¾.

THE MANUFACTURING CENTRE.

The great manufacturing centre for gloves is Grenoble, in the south of France, where several thousand persons are engaged in the factories. This firm, having to supply so many markets—the United States, through its office in New York; Canada, through its representatives in Montreal; France, through its headquarters at Grenoble; England, through its branch house in London; Australia, through its connections in Melbourne—recently made a single purchase of eleven thousand dozen skins, to be dyed and prepared as wanted. Rat and dog skin gloves exist only in imagination. What is called dog skin is really lambskin, and the advertised dog skin gloves are made of skins that no respectable dog would ever recognize as having belonged to any inhabitants of the dog world. New designs in embroidery for gloves, recently invented, will shortly be introduced; they surpass in appearance, design, colors and finish anything yet shown, and must become, as they deserve to be, immensely popular with all classes of glove wearers.

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Samuel J. Tilden's Mansion.

The exterior of the mansion of ex-Governor Samuel J. Tilden, which is now being finished in Gramercy Park, is almost completed, but inside considerable work remains to be done. One year ago, when Mr. Tilden decided to transform the buildings, Nos. 13 and 15 Gramercy park, into one house it was his intention to spend about $50,000, but it is said that before the work is finished several hundred thousand dollars will have been spent. Traces of the Gothic style of architecture are noticeable in many parts of the structure, no conventional rules having been followed. The work has been done under the personal supervision of Mr. Tilden, who several times a week visits the mansion and carefully examines the work, often suggesting alterations. The house has a frontage of 60 feet and a depth of 110 feet. The front is based on Jersey brown stone, with a superstructure of delicate pink Scotch sandstone. Narrow belts of Maine granite separate the native and imported sandstone. The Maine stone is highly polished. There are two entrances to the house, the main one being that which formerly led to Mr. Tilden's old building. At this entrance four columns of polished granite support a handsome porch. Above the columns are four half length figures, representing the season of the year. A slab of polished granite forms the top of the porch. Between the two bay windows which run up to the third floor, in a large panel of brown stone, the heads of Shakespeare, Milton, Geothe, Dante and Franklin are cut, the latter occupying the centre, while the others are at the corners. The inside of the building is very attractive. The parlor and library occupy the centre between the two halls on the first floor, one of the bay windows affording light for each of the rooms. The library—the largest room in the house—is 20 feet wide and 60 feet long. The twenty thousand volumes which constitute Mr. Tilden's library will fill this apartment. The parlor is 30 feet long and 20 feet wide. The dining room is in Mr. Tilden's old house, back of the parlor. It is 35 feet square. The structure will probably not be completed before May.

Ben. Franklin in France.

HOW KING LOUIS REQUIRED FIFTY ASSISTANTS TO HELP HIM CHANGE SHIRTS.

This entertaining picture of Franklin as the American representative to France and the French court is given in an article entitled "One hundred years ago," in the *Manhattan:*

Louis XVI, when Franklin came to France to stay, was in his twenty-third year, and had been king less than three years. He had not yet shown that tendency to gain flesh which was hereditary in his family, and which makes him appear in portraits and on coins of a later period as a corpulent person, with hanging cheeks and double chin. He was slim and appeared boyish. In fact, he appeared hardly a day older than when he was married and he was married before he was sixteen. The queen, a twelve month younger than her husband, had ripened earlier than he, and looked fully her age. The sorrows which darkened her after years, and which have made the name of Marie Antoinette synonymous with misery, had not yet overtaken her. In 1786 she was still as Edmund Burke described her, "a delightful vision, decorating and cheering the elevated sphere she moved in, full of life and splendor and joy."

The court was a pompous parade and conducted with all the ceremonies which had come down from the fourteenth Louis. The nobles filled the king's drawing room or his ante-chamber at all hours. He was never alone, except at rare intervals he managed to steal away and make locks. He was dressed and undressed, washed and combed under the eyes of forty or fifty persons, and by certain prescribed and rigid rules. The operation of putting on his shirt every morning was something fearful and wonderful. The grand master of the wardrobe drew off the king's night shirt by the right arm and the first valet of the wardrobe by the left arm, and both of them united in handing the night shirt to an officer of the wardrobe. Another valet of the wardrobe then brought a clean shirt, but he had no right to hand it to the persons who were to put it on the king. The honor of handing the clean shirt to those persons was reserved to the sons and daughters of France, or, in their absence, to the princes of the blood, or those legitimized, or, in default of these, to the grand chamberlain or to the first gentleman of the bed chamber. The shirt having been regularly and formally delivered, the first valet of the wardrobe and the first *valet de chambre* held up the garment by the right and left sleeves respectively, while two other valets extended a dressing gown in front of the king to serve as a screen. Behind this screen his majesty at last got the shirt on his back. Every day, immediately after being dressed, the king said his prayers. And it is to be hoped that he never failed to offer up a devout thanksgiving for having passed safely through the awful process of putting on his shirt.

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How to Split a Sheet of Paper.

It is one of the most remarkable properties of that wonderful product, paper, that it can be split into two or three even parts, however thin the sheet. We have seen a leaf of the *Illustrated News* thus divided into three thin leaves. One consisted of the surface on which the engravings are printed; another was the side containing the letterpress, and a perfectly blank piece on each side was the paper that lay between. Many people who have not seen this done might think it impossible; yet it is not only possible but extremely easy, as we shall show. Get a piece of plate glass, and place on it a sheet of paper; and then let the latter be thoroughly soaked. With care and a little dexterity the sheet can be split by the top surface being removed. But the best plan is to paste a piece of cloth or strong paper to each side of the sheet to be split. When dry, violently and without hesitation, pull the two pieces asunder, when part of the sheet will be found to have adhered to one and part to the other. Soften the paste in water, and the pieces can easily be removed from the cloth. The process is generally demonstrated as a matter of curiosity, yet it can be utilized in various ways. If we want to paste in a scrap book a newspaper article printed on both sides of the paper, and possess only one copy, it is very convenient to know how to detach one side from the other. The paper when split, as may be imagined, is more tsansparent than it was before being subjected to the operation, and the printing ink is somewhat duller, otherwise the two pieces present the appearance of the original if again brought together. Soms time ago the information of how to do this splitting was advertised to be sold for a considerable sum. We now impart it to all of our readers gratuitously.—*British and Colonial Stationer and Printer.*

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Politeness in Sweden.

The Swedish men and gentlemen are, as a rule, singularly handsome, and polite in the extreme. A peasant of the lowest order never passes a fellow-peasant without a polite lifting of the hat. It matters not whether they meet in the highway or the field; in the midst of all their hurry and toil this mark of deference one for the other is never forgotten. I remember very well when Miss Thursby was in Gothenburg last winter, as she stood at my window, which commands a view of the entire length of the principal street in the city, her musical laugh as she stood watching the crowds coming and going, and her calling to me to "come and see this!" I stepped to the window and asked her what she had seen which so excited her risibilities.

"Why," said she, "see those peasants in blouses walking in the middle of the street, taking off their hats to each other!"

"Yes," I answered, "that is nothing unusual, it is the custom of the country."

She could scarcely believe it more than an affectation, but when, shortly after, she found that the custom was fast rooted in genuine politeness she protested her admiration of and warm liking for it.

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The Star route trials still drag their slow length along. If they live long enough, the criminals may possibly be convicted. It is thought that perhaps the child is now born who will see the end of these trials.

THE COLUMBIAN.

G. E. Elwell, J. K. Bittenbender, } Editors.

BLOOMSBURG, PA.

FRIDAY, MARCH 23, 1883.

Lady Florence Dixie, sister of the Earl of Queensbury, was attacked at Windsor, while walking in a secluded spot, near the woods. Two men disguised in women's clothes approached her and asked the time of day. She noticed that they were men and were closely shaved, and immediately became alarmed, and fell in a swoon. She recived several cuts from daggers, over the palms of her hands, and two dagger holes in the right breast of her dress. The saving of her life is attributed to her St. Bernard dog, which, it is supposed, protected her while she lay in the swoon.

Senator Coxe thinks the auditor general's sytem of keeping the accounts of the state very much out of joint, and as the senator has had experience in the management of a very extensive coal business for a number of years, he ought to be an expert on that subject, and we have no doubt that he is "conscientious" in his endeavors to reform what he considers a grievous error in the manner of keeping accounts at Harrisburg. For a long time Mr. Coxe's usefulness in the senate was not manifest, but now we think we have the right man in the right place, and perhaps he may have it in his power to do more service to the state than some] of the more showy and blustering members.—*Wilkesbarre Record.*

The Chambersburg *Opinion* says that when Lee's army was passing through that place in 1863 en route for Gettysburg, Mr. Messersmith, cashier of the bank, standing on the bank steps undertook to ascertain the number, tallying every one hundred on a slip of paper in his hand. A rebel officer ordered him to desist under threats of arrest. Mr. Messersmith politely bowed, went to his barn, procured 100 grains of corn, which he held in his right hand thrust in his pantaloons pocket. He took his stand on the steps of the bank, like any other careless looker on, and for every hundred men he dropped a grain. When his hand was empty he had numbered 10,000 men, and then he gathered the grains up again to repeat the census. Thus he stood in the hot sun that summer day counting through its weary hours, until he had numbered the entire host, 60,000. The night after the march he communicated to Gov. Curtin the information he had thus gained.

Changes in the New Nickle.

Superintendent Snowden, of the Mint, has prepared and submitted a design for changing the new five cent nickle that at last meets the approval of the Treasury Department. The only change will be on the reverse. The legend, "E Pluribus Unum, will be taken from below the wreath surrounding the "V" and placed above the same, while in the vacancy thus left the word "cents" will be placed. The Superintendent will commence the coinage of the altered piece as soon as practicable.

Chinese Retaliation.

At the time the Chinese emigration bill was discussed it was understood that the Chinese Government represented that they were indifferent to the matter and readily assented to the treaty which was made the basis of restrictive legislation. It appears, however, that the impression received that China was oblivious to the enactment of the anti-Chinese bill was erroneous and that the position of the United States in this matter is deeply resented. The Department of State is informed that every means is being adopted by that government to drive Americans from the Empire. Onerous restrictions are placed upon their business and new enterprises are entirely prohibited if conducted by Americans. The latter find it more convenient to leave the country than to remain in the face of such difficulties, as it is absolutely impossible, it is reported, for them to carry on their business, owing to the retaliatory measures resorted to by the Chinese authorities.

The Day of Petty Abuses.

Mr. William E. Chandler has had his peace of mind disturbed for a day or two over the case of a negro messenger named Black, who makes the charge that he was dismissed from his place because of his refusal to do menial work for some insignificant head of a bureau in the Navy Department.

As to the merits of this case no special knowledge is had other than the servant's statement and the official's denial of its truth. But there is no reason why it should not be true. The government departments and bureaus are honeycombed with just such abuses. There is scarcely a head of one of these divisions who does not secure a considerable part of his personal service from his employes at the expense of the government. Door-keepers, hall-porters, messengers and coachmen are required to do the little work imposed upon them by the public and then to do personal service for their chiefs or their families.

Many of them drive the family carriage to and from the theatre or other places at night. Others do household work, while still others do even more menial labor. The result is that picayune politicians who perhaps never knew the luxury of having their shoes polished, unless they did it themselves, and who never kept a carriage before, soon import some faithful negro from their homes and pension him on the government, with no other purpose than to have their work done for nothing. The same thing is true of the public carriages, so that the government is plucked on every hand.

This may be a small abuse, but it must not be forgotten that the majority of the men who fill these places are necessarily small. That it is petty larceny is true, yet many men who will get on the stump to proclaim the glories of themselves and their party practice it and all combined they make up a pretty large abuse in the course of a year, even from a financial standpoint. The old days were not halcyon in every respect, but there were few men who had the audacity to pension their coachmen and scullions on the Treasury.—*Times.*

The bill permitting owners of iron ore or coal mines to construct a lateral railroad from their mines over intervening lands and any railroad, public road or navigable stream, passed the Senate finally on Saturday and was sent to the House for concurrence, as was also the bill prohibiting the advertising of lottery schemes.

The Uniontown Tragedy.

THE MURDER OF CAPT. NUTT BY N. L. DUKES—TESTIMONY OF WITNESSES—THE VERDICT OF THE JURY—THE CITIZENS INDIGNANT.

The history of this affair is perhaps the saddest, the people of Pennsylvania have been called upon to read. A prominent and respected citizen is killed, and his family suffer a blight that may go with them throughout life. It is impossible for us to give an extended account. We give below a statement of the case and the evidence of the witnesses.

THE TESTIMONY.

A. D. Boyd, Esq., opened for the Commonwealth, outlining what they expected to prove. He began by stating that some two weeks previous to the 24 of December, the day of the murder, N. L. Dukes opened a correspondence with A. C. Nutt, then at Harburg, relative to some trouble. He said the Commonwealth would claim a verdict of murder in the first degree.

BRECKINRIDGE'S STORY.

Frank C. Breckinridge, Cashier of the People's Bank and the nephew of the late Captain Nutt, was the first witness sworn. He testified as follows: Capt. Nutt came to my room at the Mc. Clelland Hotel at about 6½ a. m. on Sunday, December 24th. He asked me to go and see Dukes with reference to an interview. I went over to the Jennings Hotel where Dukes boarded, entered the front hall door, and asked the colored porter to show me to Dukes' room. He led the way and I followed him through the sitting room and up stairs. On knocking at the door, Dukes opened it, and I told him Mr. Nutt would like to speak with him. Mr. Nutt had by this time entered the other front hall door and come up stairs. I said, "By the way, here is Mr. Nutt himself." He walked in and the door was closed. I stood on the outside, and in a short time I heard the cry of murder in a smothered voice, and then the voice of Mr. Nutt crying, "Clark! Clark!" I opened the door and went in: the two men were grappling, each had hold of the other. Both were bent over. I jumped between them and tried to separate them. Mr. Nutt said, "Take hold of him." I got them separated. I went with Mr. Nutt to the back part of the room when I heard a pistol shot and saw Mr. Nutt throw up his hands and fall.

MR. FEATHER'S TESTIMONY.

I was living at the Jennings House at the killing of Capt. Nutt on the 24th of December last. I was at the hotel the morning his life was taken. I first saw him on the pavement outside of the office about 10 o'clock on Sunday morning. I next saw him come in the upper door. I was then in the hall. I saw Capt. Nutt go up-stairs and he went into Mr. Dukes' room. I saw Mr. Breckinridge at the door of Mr. Dukes' room. The door was closed and Capt. Nutt went into the room.

I heard scuffling in Mr. Dukes' room after Capt. Nutt went in. I also heard some person call "Clark, Clark." I thought it was Capt. Nutt's voice. I was standing two or three feet from Mr. Dukes' door at the time of the cry. Upon hearing the scuffling and cries I remarked to Mr. Breckinridge, "what is going on in there?" Mr. Breckinridge went into the room first and I followed right after. I saw Mr. Dukes and Mr. Nutt scuffling at the foot of the bed. Mr. Nutt was the lower of the two when in the scuffling. Mr. Breckinridge grabbed hold of Mr. Nutt and I put my arm between them and separated them. Mr. Nutt then stepped back to the mantle-piece and Mr. Dukes toward the wall. They got apart I suppose about seven or eight feet. After we got them separated I remarked to Mr. Dukes:

"Mr. Dukes, what does all this mean?" Mr. Dukes said: "He came here to whip me." I said, "he can't whip you now." I think he repeated his remark, and in the meantime he was fumbling around his clothes and drew out his revolver, said 'I'll shoot you,' jerked it up and fired.

THE PORTER'S STORY.

Louis Williams was sworn:—I was working at Mr. Jennings House at the time Capt. Nutt lost his life. Mr. Breckinridge came to me that morning and asked where Mr. Dukes' room was. I saw Capt. Nutt standing right at the upper hall door. I next saw Capt. Nutt at the other hall door. I knocked at Mr. Dukes' door myself, and Mr. Dukes opened the door. I stepped aside and Mr. Breckinridge said he did not want to see Mr. Dukes but that Capt. Nutt did. Capt. Nutt was then looking in the door. Mr. Dukes said "come in," Mr. Nutt went in and I think Mr. Dukes closed the door. I went down two steps and I heard scuffling and also heard some one call "Breckinridge" three times. Mr. Feather got in the room first. Nutt and Dukes were scuffling as though trying to throw each other down. Mr Breckinridge caught hold of Mr. Nutt's coat and pulled him back. Then Mr. Nutt had his right hand upon the mantle piece.

DUKES' ROOM—NUTT'S HABITS,

Mrs. Henry Jennings sworn:—I am wife of the proprietor of the Jenning House. I was at home the day Capt. Nutt was shot. Mr. Dukes had boarded with us about eight years. I saw him about 9 o'clock on the morning of the killing. I met him in the hall that morning and he requested that his room be cleaned up. He had asked before to have his room cleaned up.

MR. JENNINGS' STORY.

The court reassembled promptly at 2 o'clock in the afternoon.

Mr. Henry Jennings, proprietor of the Jennings House was sworn:—I saw Capt. Nutt coming to the office door on Sunday December 24th. Breckenridge and the colored porter went through the sitting room, Breckenridge asked for Mr. Dukes' room and I told the colored man to show them up stairs. After all the men had got upstairs I heard scuffling on the floor in Mr. Dukes' room. I suppose it commenced as soon as they got into Dukes' room. My daughter opened the door that leads to the hall way; about that time we heard the shooting. I suppose the scuffling had been going on from one to three minutes. After the shooting I went up stairs. I jumped up two stairs at a time. I saw Mr. Nutt lying in the corner and Mr. Breckenridge standing at the fire. Mr. Dukes was standing over by the window backed up against a trunk against the wall. Mr. Feather was rather between the two and around the foot of the bed and seemed very much excited. He was between Mr. Dukes and where Mr. Nutt was. Feather said "now you have killed him! You had no business to do that. You could have whipped him without that." Dukes had a cane in his left hand and a revolver in his right hand. We gathered Mr. Nutt up and laid him on the bed. I couldn't say positively what Mr. Feather did then with Mr. Dukes. When I first came into the room I said "What does this mean?" and Feather said "He shot Nutt." I said "Mr. Dukes did you shoot Mr. Nutt?" He said "If I did, I did it in self defense." Dukes gave the cane to me and turned around to go out. I let the cane stand right behind the door. The cane was produced and Mr. Jennings identified it.

THE WOUND DESCRIBED.

Dr. J. B. Ewing was sworn.—I saw Capt. Nutt living after he was shot. He was lying on a bed in a back room in the Jennings House, up stairs. He lived probably fifteen or twenty minutes. He was bleeding very profusely, was unconscious and had all the appearance of a man who had received a fatal wound. The ball entered back of and a little below the under angle of the left eye, passing through the eyeball through the orbit into the brain, rather upward backward and a little to the right. A pistol shot caused his death. The immediate cause was hemorrhage from the nose and mouth. His right arm was moving about and his hand was grasping various objects about him. The muscles of his face were moving; the respiratory muscles were moving very vigorously. There was a bruise on his cheek and a contusion on the right side at the top of his head. I observed also the marks of four finger nails at the top of the head and a wound on the lip. His left eye was somewhat contused, having the appearance of having been struck. I would say it was rather a sudden blow that caused the wound on the top of the head.

COUNSEL PLEADS.

C. E. Boyle, Esq., was counsel for Dukes and took the plea of self-defense. He talked very forcibly for two hours and fifteen minutes.

Hon. W. H. Playford gave a very able and eloquent address for the prosecution for about one hour and three-quarters.

THE CHARGE.

About 3 p. m. Hon. Judge Wilson began his charge to the jury. His Honor occupied a little over an hour, and his charge was universally pronounced fair.

Shortly after four o'clock the jurors retired to the jury room, and the vast crowd filed out of the Court House to speculate as to what would be the verdict.

THE VERDICT.

About 8 o'clock in the evening the verdict of "not guilty" was returned to Court, and Mr. Dukes was again a free man.

When the jury rendered the verdict, a few friends of Dukes tried to raise an applause, but it was defeated by the hisses of the crowd, who deemed it the greatest burlesqe ever played.

INDIGNATION MEETING.

On Wednesday evening an indignation meeting was held, and in ten minutes the large hall was packed, floor, gallery and aisles, and many unable to gain admission. Rev. N. P. Kerr, spoke for his profession in the following words:

"Well may parents tremble for their daughters, he said, when twelve men can be found who are so base, so lost to all sense of manhood, decency and honor as to render, directly contrary to all the evidence, the verdict which acquitted Lyman Dukes of the murder of Captain Nutt and of the responsibility for the terrible blot which he had attempted to put upon the fair name of his family. May the names of the jurors go down to posterity as the black list of Fayette county, to be remembered only with shame and inexpressible disgust, to be remembered throughout the State as those who had committed the monumental act of infamy; and as for Nicholas Lyman Dukes, continued the preacher, raising his voice in imprecation until the ceiling rang, may he go forth to learn as Cain did what it is to bear upon his brow the brand of a murderer. May he learn that there is a punishment which no bribery can avail, and no treachery turn aside. Let him go forth to learn that when he shall stand in the presence of purity and innocence his conscience shall sting him and accuse him of the lowest forms of licensciousness and debauchery. Let him learn that the curse of Cain is upon him whithersoever his footsteps may go. Let him learn that the hand that penned such letters as he wrote to Captain Nutt is the hand of a cowardly assassin. Let him learn that, all in all, he is a man who would shame the most abandoned inhabitant of the infernal regions.

A committee was appointed who reported a set of resolutions, among which are the following:

WHEREAS, A great public calamity has befallen us. An esteemed citizen has fallen by the hand of the base traducer of the honor of his family, and with shame and humiliation be it said a jury has been found in Fayette county so grossly disqualified for the proper discharge of their high trust as to make exemption from punishment a premium upon crime.

RESOLVED, That the acquittal of N. L. Dukes, the murderer of Captain A. C. Nutt, by a Fayette county jury is a reproach to the intelligence and decency of our people and destroys public confidence in the intelligence and purity of the decisions of the jury-box.

ACTION OF THE LEGISLATURE.

Dukes was elected a member of the Legislature last fall, but on account of his difficulty with Capt. Nutt, he did not appear on the 1st of December to be sworn in office. On Monday the matter of claiming his seat in the legislature was brought up for consideration and referred to a sub-committee of five members of the house judiciary committee. The committee decided on Tuesday to "recommend the expulsion of Nicholas L. Dukes, without a hearing, on the grounds that 78 days of the session have passed and he has not offered to take oath." The committee should have had the courage to recommend his expulsion, on the ground that he was an unmitigated scoundrel and unfit to associate with honest men.

A Combination in Iron.

During the past two weeks a combination has been formed in the south composed of all coke iron furnaces in the states of Tennessee, Alabama and Georgia, with the exception of the Oakdale, Tennessee, furnace, to be known as the southern coke association. The object is to obtain and maintain a uniform scale of prices, and prevent indiscriminate competition and trickery of all kinds. A uniform scale of prices has been agreed upon and agents are required to strictly abide thereby. It places all brands of iron on the same platform, so that a furnace making an iron of low standard will get the same price as for high standard, that is, if they sell any. The advantages will be seen to be on the side of the maker of the better brands, while the other man will have to work hard to make sales at all. The scale agreed upon is not above the prices which have been ruling lately, except on a few grades, and they are all on the basis of the fixed price at the furnace, adding transportation.

READING FOR BOYS.

Notwithstanding the fact that books have multiplied until there is scarcely a single subject upon which a volume has not been written, the number of learned scholars and statesmen of the present age does not seem to have increased proportionately with the facilities now afforded for obtaining knowledge on all subjects. One great cause for this condition of things is that the minds of our boys and young men are not properly directed in the matter of general reading. Parents seem to be satisfied if their sons go to school a few years, and gain a superficial knowledge of what is contained between the covers of their text books. Many young men who are considered bright students may even pass through college with a good record, and yet come out with little or no knowledge of a general character. They may be able to read Greek and Latin, to solve geometrical problems, to name the constellations, and explain the motion of the planets, to describe the chemical forces, but all this is the result of routine work, and in a few years the information thus gained slips from them. Their knowledge of history and of the great questions of the day, of political economy, and the science of statesmanship is exceedingly limited, if not altogether a minus quantity. While a thorough course of school training is necessary for the developement of the mental faculties, a liberal education is never completed within the school house walls. The finished scholar, the learned judge, the wise statesman, must all acquire their knowledge by hard labor, done after school books are thrown aside. Those who have attained prominence in the different walks of life, have not done so as a matter of chance. Long years of study alone have brought distinction, and the foundation was laid in the days of their youth. The point that we would emphasize is this, that parents should take the direction of their sons' reading in their own hands. That boys spend an hour each evening with their lessons for the next day at school is not enough. A regular course of reading should be mapped out, and a certain time each day devoted to it. Talk with your boys about what they have read, explain to them what they do not understand, incite in them a desire for general understanding, and do not leave their mental training entirely in the hands of teachers. Boys thus trained at home will have no difficulty at school, and the number of men who possess general information, and ability fitted for the requirements of the present day would be largely increased.

Freight Discriminations.

The House of Representatives has passed the bill to prevent discrimination by railroads in their charges. We believe the bill simply enacts the language of the constitution, provides a penalty of $1000, and leaves to the jury the question of the injustice of the discrimination. A railroad company gets into merciless hands when it falls under the harrow of a jury, and probably the Legislature could do nothing worse to them than to hand them over to a jury's care. Railroad officers hate juries with great fervor. They have a very low opinion of this great "palladium" of our liberties; but the public generally find the jury a very good institution, especially when in gives heavy damages against a railroad. For the fact is that the people hate the railroad managers; that is the reason the juries do, because they come from the people. The people and the jury cannot help being in sympathy. There exists between railroad corporations and the public an irrepressible conflict; the railroads, when they have the people under their thumb, handle them without consideration. They do as they please, and to those who do not like it, they say in the language of Mr. Tweed, "What are you going to do about it?" And when a jury gets hold of a railroad, it uses its power with as little consideration for the feelings of those whom it has by the ears.

So that on the whole the people have reason to be satisfied if the Legislature turns over to their juries the matter of restraining railroad discrimination. If the Legislature makes the whip stout enough, and gives it a good stinging lash, the juries will be apt to appy it with a discrimination that will at least suit the public taste. The effect of such a law ought to be to make the railroad officers very accommadating. We all know how the most arrogant of people become the most humble when they come before anyone who holds a whip over them. There will be not the least profit in the practice of anything but the justest rules in arranging a freight and passenger tariff, when juries everywhere along the line of the road in the state stand ready to put their scrutiny upon the charges; they will have to be of the fairest kind to pass muster.

The constitution says that everyone shall have an equal right to railroad transportation, and that "no undue or unreasonable discrimination shall be made in charges for, or in facilities for, transportation of freight or passengers within this state, or coming from or going to any other state. Persons and property transported over any railroad, shall be delivered at any station, at charges not exceeding the charges for transportation of persons and property of the same class, in the same direction to any more distant station." That language might be improved, but it is good enough for its purpose, if a jury is left free to construe it, and the penalty is made severe enough to be feared.—*Lancaster Intelligencer.*

An enthusiastic meeting was held at Mount Royal, York County, Saturday, to consider the propriety of building a railroad from York to Dillsburg, a distance of twenty-one miles. A committee of the representative men of each district through which the road will pass was appointed to raise money and report their success to a meeting to be held at Dover on Saturday next. If this road is built it will give railroad communication to the rich iron ore beds in the Conewaygo Mountains. A vein of copper ore is being developed on the Thillito farm in Warrington township, through which this road will pass. The approximate cost of the road will be $20,000 per mile, and the grade will not exceed 60 feet to the mile.

The Philadelphia and Reading railroad company have leased the Central New Jersey road, and the papers will soon be drawn and executed. This lease will place the Philadelphia and Atlantic road in the possession of the Reading. It is said that Mr. Gowen will tender his resignation soon.

The citizens of Duncannon, Perry Co., have donated 3 acres of ground and $1500 to induce S. T. Sankey & Co., of Milheim, Centre Co., to locate their agricultural works there.

The quantity of timber now banked along the upper Delaware is greater than for many years.

A Law to Prohibit Treating.

A bill has been introduced into the legislature by Senator Greer of Butler county, the text of which is "to prohibit persons from treating other persons to intoxicating drinks, under a penalty of $25." Should this bill become a law it will prove very effective for temperance. The Harrisburg *Patriot* in referring to the bill says as follows:

"It does not require the gift of prophecy to see that the passage of this bill will materially circumscribe, if it does not completely obliterate, the practice of drinking. Who ever took a drink alone, before that period when habit had become disease? Drinking is a peculiarly social custom. It is said that in some of the old countries treating is an unknown practice, but is beyond conception that such a state of affairs could grow up here. It may be that after many years of effort to overcome prejudice the jovial young fellow of the period will seat himself to a solitary glass, but the chances are so decidedly against this that the temperance folk will prove their wisdom by abonding their plan of constitution tinkering and concentrating all their forces in support of the anti-treat act. Senator Greer should be canonized as the apostle of temperance reform."

This bill strikes at the roots of temperance—and is far preforable to a bill to regulate the manufacture of distilled spirits by certain laws, which is now being so earnestly urged by the advocates of temperance. This bill should, as it does, receive the hearty approval of all good citizens. The Philadelphia *Times* has this to say on the subject:

"Some of our esteemed contemporaries are disposed to poke fun at the proposal of Senator Greer to stop treating in the interest of temperance. Many funnier things could be found to joke about. The idea did not originate with Senator Greer, but it is nearly as good an idea as if it had. The habit, which is purely American, of treating, probably leads to more drunkenness than any other thing. It is the demoralization of young men who go about together a great deal. They treat each other and get drunk. Such a thing is not done in any other country, and is very rare indeed that a man gets drunk unles he is in company and drinks because it is sociable. It is not likely that Senator Greer will be able to get his proposition adopted—at least not in Harrisburg—but it wouldn't be a bad thing at all if he could succeed."

GLEANINGS.

Erie will have a new canning factory this spring.

A Catasauqua horseshoe factory turns out 3000 shoes per day.

The axe factory at Bellefonte, has suspended until April 1st.

Lower Salford, Montgomery Co., will shortly have a stocking factory.

On Tuesday, the Bethlehem Iron Co's steel works turned out 809 tons of ingots.

The York papers state that a beet sugar factory will shortly be started there.

The National Association of Shot Manufacturers is in secret session at Pittsburg.

Pennsylvannia has 3,956 cigar factories which last year turned out 755,949,246 cigars.

Agents of Western iron companies are trying to secure non union men in Pittsburg.

Clearfield's houses and business places are to be heated by steam.

Company F, Eighteenth Regiment, National Guard, has been disbanded.

The new gymnasium of the Lehigh University will be opened in a few days.

Boyerstown Farmers' National Bank has been chartered. Capital $30,000.

Of 173 applications for liquor licenses in Cambria county, 80 were refused.

Reading is troubled with a gang of young thieves, who commit petty depredations

The Meadville Episcopal Church will be torn down and a new one erected after Easter.

For the seduction under promise of marriage of Katie Junker, a jury in the marine court, New York, on last Friday rendered a verdict of $10,000 damages against Peter Heckman.

At a meeting of the Methodist conference, Lancaster, last week, Rev. Dr. Everett, private secretary of Governor Pattison, was given a "location," equivalent to making him a local Methodist preacher.

The bill to settle the state debt of Tennessee at fifty cents on the dollar, with three per cent. interest, as it came from the house of representatives passed the senate Friday last and awaits the Governor's signature.

It is understood that Folger has tendered the position of chief of the bureau of engraving and printing to John W Corning, Geneva, N. Y. He was once a sergeant-at arms in the legislature of New York, and he has virtually accepted.

The President is evidently growing weary of the good things of this world. He recently received a dozen bottles of whisky, with a note from the agent of it requesting him to taste of it and kindly send his opinion of the quality, to be used as an endorsement. The agent received the dozen bottles by express two days thereafter, and a letter by mail from Mr. Phillips, the President's Secretary, stating in somewhat satirical language that the President was indifferent as to the merits of the whisky and declined to sample it.

IT LEADS ALL.

No other blood-purifying medicine is made, or has ever been prepared, which so completely meets the wants of physicians and the general public as

Ayer's Sarsaparilla.

It leads the list as a truly scientific preparation for all blood diseases. If there is a lurking taint of **SCROFULA** about you, AYER'S SARSAPARILLA will dislodge it and expel it from your system.

For constitutional or scrofulous Catarrh, **CATARRH** AYER'S SARSAPARILLA is the true remedy. It has cured numberless cases. It will stop the nauseous catarrhal discharges, and remove the sickening odor of the breath, which are indications of scrofulous origin.

ULCEROUS SORES "Hutto, Tex., Sept. 28, 1882. "At the age of two years one of my children was terribly afflicted with ulcerous running sores on its face and neck. At the same time its eyes were swollen, much inflamed, and very sore. **SORE EYES** Physicians told us that a powerful alterative medicine must be employed. They united in recommending AYER'S SARSAPARILLA. A few doses produced a perceptible improvement, which, by an adherence to your directions, was continued to a complete and permanent cure. No evidence has since appeared of the existence of any scrofulous tendencies; and no treatment of any disorder was ever attended by more prompt or effectual results.

Yours truly, B. F. JOHNSON."

PREPARED BY

Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass.

Sold by all Druggists; $1, six bottles for $5.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER Absolutely Pure.

This powder never varies. A marvel of purity strength and wholesomeness. More economical than the ordinary kinds, and cannot be sold in competition with the multitude of low test, short weight, alum or phosphate powders. Sold only in cans. ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., 106 Wall-St., N. Y. aug 11-1 y.

THE MAIL ORDER DEPARTMENT

BAILEY, BANKS & BIDDLE.

NO PART OF THE BUSINESS of Bailey, Banks & Biddle is conducted with greater perfection of detail or more general satisfaction to purchasers than that of selecting and sending goods in response to requests by mail.

WHETHER THE ORDER IS for costly or inexpensive articles—whether for an assortment to enable a purchaser to decide at home which article suits best, or for something to be shipped directly to a third person as a present, the purchaser relying upon the house for a good choice—the selection is invariably made by an expert of well-tried taste, possessing thorough knowledge both of the goods and the changeful fashions.

DIRECTIONS ARE INTELLIGENTLY followed; the least hint of preference is carefully noted, and in every instance the newest and most desirable goods are sent, excepting when an article not quite so new presents such inducements in price as to make it seem best to inform the customer and await further instructions. Full explanations are given whenever the interest of the customer requires them.

GOODS MAY ALWAYS BE RETURNED if not entirely satisfactory.

12th & CHESTNUT,

PHILADELPHIA.

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.

ESTATE OF ISAAC SNYDER, DECEASED.

Letters testamentary in the estate of Isaac Snyder late of Mifflin township, Columbia county, deceased, have been granted by Register of said County to J. E., and I. E. Snyder All persons having claims against the estate of said decedent are requested to present them for settlement and those indebted to the estate to make payment to the undersigned without delay.

J. E. SNYDER,
I. E. SNYDER,
Executors

mar 23 4w

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.

ESTATE OF LOUIS SCHUYLER, DECEASED.

Letters testamentary in the estate of Louis Schuyler, deceased, late of Madison township, Columbia county, Pa., have been granted by the Register of said county to Cyrus Welliver. All persons having claims against the estate of said decedent are requested to present them for settlement, and those indebted to the estate to make payment to the undersigned without delay.

CYRUS WELLIVER,
Executor.

Jerseytown, Col. Co. Pa.
mar 23 6w

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

ESTATE OF LLOYD KRESSLER, DECEASED.

Letters of Administration in the estate of Lloyd Kressler, deceased, have been granted by the Register of said county to the undersigned administrator All persons having claims against the estate of the decedent are requested to present them for settlement and those indebted to the estate to make payment to the undersigned administrator without delay.

WILLIAM HOUGHTON,
Administrator.

Pine Summit,
mar 23-6w

EXECUTOR'S SALE!

By virtue of the last will and testament of George Shuman, late of Mifflin township, deceased, the undersigned executor of said estate will expose to public sale on

TUESDAY, April 24th 1883.

At one o'clock p. m., upon the premises, a valuable

Timber Tract,

of land, containing

60 ACRES,

more or less situate in Catawissa township, Columbia county, Pa., bounded north by lands of heirs of Daniel Shuman, deceased; east by lands of Harman John; South by lands of —— ——; west by lands of heirs of Samuel Shuman, deceased.

The tract is heavily timbered with good

Rock Oak and White Oak

car timber, and is located near the Bloom ferry, and line of the North & West Branch railroad, and is convenient to good market.

Parties wishing to see the property before day of sale, can call upon Harman John, who lives near the tract, and will give any desired information.

Terms easy, and will be made known on day of sale.

ALLEN MANN,
Executor.

3-23

OF ANOTHER AGE.

Gradually Supplanted by a Better Article, Certain old things are Done away.

In the general reception room of the Western Union Telegraph building on Broadway, New York, are exhibited the coarse, crude and clumsy instruments of the infancy of the telegraph. They are only relics now. More perfect machinery has superseded them

Years ago what is now styled the old-fashioned porous plaster did some good service. There was then nothing better of the kind. Now all that is changed. Science and study have gone deeper into the secrets of medicine and produced BENSON'S CAPCINE POROUS PLASTER, which embodies all the excellencies thus far possible in an external remedy. The old plasters were slow—the Capcine is rapid; they were uncertain—the Capcine is sure. Cheaper articles bear similar names. Be careful, therefore, that some thrifty druggist does not deceive you. In the centre of the genuine is cut the word CAPCINE. Price 25 cents. Seabury & Johnson, Chemists, New York.

mar 23 4w d

WATER-PROOF BUILDING MANILLA

Resembles fine leather, is used for roofs, outside walls of buildings, and inside in place of plaster. Catalogue and samples free. (Established 1866.) W. H. FAY & CO. Camden, N. J.

mar 23-4 w d

"THE BEST IS CHEAPEST."

ENGINES, Horse Powers THRESHERS SAW-MILLS, Clover Hullers

(Suited to all sections.) Write for FREE Illus. Pamphlet and Prices to The Aultman & Taylor Co., Mansfield, Ohio.

mar 23-4 w

SUBSCRIBE FOR

THE COLUMBIAN.

$1.50 A YEAR.

AUDITOR'S NOTICE.

The undersigned auditor appointed by the Court of Common Pleas of Columbia county, to distribute the proceeds of the Sheriff's sale of the real estate of Samuel Bowers among the lien creditors entitled thereto, will sit in the discharge of the duties of his appointment, at his office in Bloomsburg, on Saturday the seventh day of April, 1883, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, where and when all parties interested in said fund must appear and present their claims or be forever debarred.

PAUL E. WIRT,
Auditor.

mar 16

AUDITOR'S NOTICE.

ESTATE OF JARED HARRISON, LATE OF FISHINGCREEK TOWNSHIP, DECEASED.

The undersigned appointed by the Court of Common Pleas of Columbia county to distribute balance in the hands of R. F. Chapin one of the executors of said decedent, will sit at his office in Bloomsburg, on Monday, April 9th 1883, at ten o'clock a. m., to perform the duties of his appointment, when and where all parties interested in said fund must appear and present their claims or be forever debarred.

C. W. MILLER,
Auditor.

mar 16

ADMINSTRATOR'S NOTICE.

ESTATE OF WILLIAM IVEY, LATE OF HEMLOCK TOWNSHIP, COLUMBIA COUNTY, PA., DECEASED.

Letters of administration in the estate of William Ivey, late of Hemlock township, Columbia county, Pa., deceased, have been granted by the Register of said county to Ann Ivey and Edward Ivey, administrators. All persons having claims against said decedent are requested to present them for settlement, and those indebted to the estate to make payment to the undersigned administrators without delay.

ANN IVEY,
EDWARD IVEY,
Administrators.

feb 16

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

ESTATE OF ANN P. EVANS, LATE OF THE BOROUGH OF BERWICK, DECEASED.

Letters of administration in the estate of Ann P. Evans late of the borough of Berwick, deceased have been granted by the Register of said county to the undersigned administrator. All persons having claims against said decedent, are requested to present them for settlement, and those indebted to the estate to make payment to the undersignep administrator without delay.

C. P. Jackson,
Att'y.

J. W. EVANS,
Administrator,
de bonis non

Feb 16

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

ESTATE OF ELIZABETH WALTER LATE OF MONTOUR TOWNSHIP DECEASED.

Letters of administration on the estate of Elizabeth Walter late of Montour township Col. Co., Pa., have been granted by the Register of said county to Robert Buckingham Esq. administrator. All persons having claims against the said decedent are requested to present them for settlement and those indebted to the estate to make payment to the undersigned administrator without delay.

ROBERT BUCKINGHAM,
Administrator.

Feb. 9.

AUDITOR'S NOTICE.

ESTATE OF WILLIAM BARBER, DECEASED.

The undersigned auditor has been appointed to distribute balance in the hands of Conrad Kreamer, administrator d. b. n. c. t. a., as shown by his final account, to and among the parties entitled thereto, will sit at his office in Bloomsburg, on Friday, March 23d, 1883, at ten o'clock a. m., when and where all parties interested will attend and present their claims or be debarred from any share of said fund.

C. B. BROCKWAY,
Auditor

Mar 2

AUDITOR'S NOTICE.

ESTATE OF ESTHER BARBER, DECEASED.

The undersigned auditor has been appointed to distribute balance in the hands of Conrad Kreamer, administrator d. b. n. c. t. a., as shown by his final account, to and among the parties entitled thereto, will sit at his office in Bloomsburg, on Saturday, March 24th, 1883, at 10 o'clock a. m., when and where all parties interested will attend and present their claims or be debarred from any share of said fund.

C. B. BROCKWAY,
Auditor.

Mar 2

AUDITOR'S NOTICE.

ESTATE OF WILLIAM DANIELS, DECEASED.

The undersigned auditor having been appointed to distribute funds in hands of I. W. McKelvy administrator, to and among parties entitled thereto, will sit at the office of Geo. E. Elwell in Bloomsburg, on Friday, April 6th, 1883, at 10 o'clock a. m., to perform the duties of his office, when and where all persons having claims against said estate, must present them, or be debarred from any share of said fund.

W. L. EYERLY,
Auditor.

Mar 2

TO ADVERTISERS.—Lowest Rates for advertising in 980 good newspapers sent free. Address GEO. P. ROWELL & CO., 10 Spruce St., N. Y.

Mar 9-4w r

WANTED Energetic, Reliable men to sell Fruit Trees, Grape Vines, Shrubs, Roses, &c. Salary and expenses paid. Full instructions given, so inexperienced men can soon learn the business. Address J. F. LECLARE, BRIGHTON, N. Y., (1 mile east of Rochester, N. Y.)

Mar 9-4w d

Salesmen Wanted!

Good reliable men (no others need apply) to act as Agents for the sale of our

NEW FRUITS AND SPECIALTIES

together with a full line of nursery stock. No peddling. Previous experience not essential. Live, active men earn good wages. Salary and expenses paid. For terms address, giving full name, age, previous occupation, and reference, HOOPES BRO & THOMAS, Cherry Hill Nurseries, West Chester, Pa. Mar 9-4w d

NOTICE OF DISSOLUTION OF PARTNERSHIP.

Notice is hereby given that the partnership lately subsisting between Oscar Alexander and Charles F. Woodhouse, under the firm of Alexander & Woodhouse, expired on the seventh day of March, A. D., 1883, by mutual consent. All debts owing to the said partnership are to be received by Alexander & Bro., and all demands on the said partnership are to be presented to them for payment.

O ALEXANDER,
C. F. WOODHOUSE.

ORPHANS' COURT SALE

OF VALUABLE

Real Estate!

Pursuant to an order of the Orphans' Court of Columbia county, Pa., will be sold at Public Sale, on the premises, in Mifflin township in said county on

THURSDAY, March 29th, 1883.

At two o'clock in the afternoon, the following described real estate late of William Kelchner, deceased, to-wit: A farm adjoining lands of Low Bros. & Co., on the North and East, on the South by lands of Samuel Dresher, George Fedder and others, on the West by lands of George Fedder, containing

43 ACRES,

more or less, whereon are erected a two-story log house, frame barn and out buildings; also a good well of water and apple orchard.

TERMS OF SALE.—Ten per cent. of the one-fourth of the purchase money to be paid at the striking down of the property, the one-fourth less the ten per cent. at the confirmation of sale; and the remaining three-fourths in one year thereafter, with interest from confirmation nisi.

Purchasers to pay for deeds.

P. FRANK ZARR,
Trustee.

Mar 2

Public Sale!

OF VALUABLE

Real Estate

The widow and heirs of Hiram R. Kline, late of Orange township, Columbia county, Pa., deceased, will expose to public sale, on the premises, on

Wednesday, March 28, '83

at 10 o'clock a. m., the following described real estate to-wit: A messuage and tract of land situate in Orange township, aforesaid bounded and described as follows, to-wit: Beginning at a stone by a public road and corner of land of John Cadman, and running thence by said road north twenty-eight degrees, east twenty-six and nine-tenth perches to a post in said road, thence by land of estate of H. R. Kline, north thirteen and a quarter degrees, west forty perches to a stone to line of land of Ellen Kline, thence by same north eighty-eight and a quarter degrees, east fourteen perches to a stone, thence by the same north eight degrees, west sixty five perches to a stone in line of land of James Campbell thence by the same north eighty-eight and a quarter degrees, east sixty-nine and six tenth perches to a stone, thence by land of William Long, south 16¾ degrees, west 65 and 4-10 perches to a stone, thence by the same south 88 degrees east 49 perches to a post in line of land of Jesse Sommers, thence by the same south 14¾ degrees, west 71 perches to a post in line of land of John Cadman thence by the same north 6¾ degrees, west 89 and 1-10 perches to the place of beginning. Containing

SIXTY ACRES

and 85 perches of land whereon are erected a house, barn, and out-buildings.

Terms of sale.—Ten per cent. of ¼ to be paid at the striking down of the property; ¼ less the 10 per cent. on the 1st day of April, 1883, when possession will be given, and the remaining ¾ in two equal annual payments with interest from April 1st, 1883.

Widow and Heirs of
H. R. Kline, deceased.

mar 9

ORPHANS' COURT SALE

OF VALUABLE

Real Estate!

Pursuant to an order of the Orphans' Court of Columbia county, will be sold at public sale, on the premises, in Montour township, in said county, on

FRIDAY, March 30th 1883.

At two o'clock in the afternoon, the following described real estate, late of Theressa Ballor, deceased, to-wit: A lot of ground adjoining lands of Peter Heinbach, and Josiah Gigger, containing

One-Half ACRE,

more or less, whereon are erected a two-story frame

DWELLING HOUSE,

and other out-buildings. Said lot being well improved, having a good well of water at the door, and a number of good fruit trees on the premises.

TERMS OF SALE:—Ten per cent of the one-fourth of the purchase money to be paid at the striking down of the property; the one-fourth less the ten per cent. at the confirmation of sale, and the remaining three-fourths in one year thereafter, with interest from confirmation nisi.

Purchasers to pay for deed.

PETER HEINBACH, } Administrators.
DANIEL BAYLOR, }

Mar 9

L. A. SHATTUCK, M. D.

Medical Superintendent of the Sanitarium.

Invalid's Home.

Bloomsburg, Pa.,

Devotes special attention to Chronic Maladies including Epilepsy, Nervous Affections, Diseases of Women, and to

Cancer,

in all its varied forms.

Patients received at the Sanitarium on reasonable terms for board and treatment.

C. C. GALIGNAN,

PRACTICAL TIN ROOFER,

OPERA HOUSE,

BLOOMSBURG, PENN'A.

C. B. ROBBINS,

DEALER IN

Foreign and Domestic

WINES AND LIQUORS,

AND JOBBER IN CIGARS.

BLOOMSBURG, PA.

The Columbian.

BLOOMSBURG, PA.,

FRIDAY, MARCH 23, 1883.

Correct Railroad Time Table.

Trains on the Philadelphia & R. R. leave Rupert as follows:

NORTH.	SOUTH.
6 18 a. m.	11 45 a. m.
4 16 p. m.	6 45 p. m.

Trains on the D. L. & W. R. R. leave Bloomsburg as follows:

NORTH.	SOUTH.
7 38 a. m.	8 25 a. m.
10 54 a. m.	11 45 a. m.
6 51 p. m.	4 27 p. m.

The 11 45 train south connects with the Philadelphia & Reading at Rupert, and with the Northern Central at Northumberland.

The 8:25 a. m. train connects at Northumberland with 9:35 train on Pennsylvania road reaching Philadelphia at 3:20 p. m.

The 11:45 train connects with Philadelphia and Reading road at Rupert at 11:50 reaching Philadelphia at 6:00 p. m.

The 11:45 train connects with Pennsylvania road at Northumberland at 1:35 reaching Philadelphia at 7:25 p. m.

The 4:27 p. m. train connects with Pennsylvania road at Northumberland at 8:05 p. m. and reaches Philadelphia at 2:55 a. m.

Trains on the N. & W. B. Railway pass Bloom Ferry as follows:

NORTH.	SOUTH.
7.41 a. m	12.08 p. m.
6.31 p. m	7.07 p. m.

Public Sales.

[All persons having bills printed at this office, will receive a gratuitous notice under this head.]

Jackson Leidy will sell valuable personal property on premises in Montour township on Tuesday, March 27th.

The administrators of Theressa Baylor, deceased, will sell real estate in Montour township on Friday, March 30th, at 2 o'clock p. m.

B. Frank Zarr, trustee, will sell valuable real estate on premises of William Kelchner dec'd on Thursday, in Mifflin, March 29th, 1883, at two o'clock.

John Mourey, trustee, will offer for sale a valuable town lot, on premises of Elizabeth Kelchner, deceased, in Mifflinville, on Thursday, March 29th, 1883, at 10 o'clock.

R. Buckingham, administrator, will sell valuable real estate on premises of Elizabeth Walter, deceased, in Montour township on Saturday, March 31st, at 2 o'clock.

The heirs of Hiram R. Kline, deceased, will offer for sale valuable real estate in Orange township, Columbia county, on Wednesday March 28, 1883, commencing at 10 o'clock in the forenoon.

Personal.

J. D. Bodine of Mainville, was in town on Tuesday.

Silas Welliver, of Jerseytown, was in town on business on Monday.

Dr. Kressler of Shippensburg, has been spending several days with friends in this section.

Rev. J. H. McGarrah has been appointed presiding elder of the Altoona district, of the M. E. Church.

Charles Girton has returned to Bloomsburg, and will go at his old business of saddling and harness making about the 1st of April.

Rev. E. H. Yocum was re-appointed as presiding elder of the Williamsport district, of the M. E. Church. Rev. N. S. Buckingham will be stationed at Lewisburg, and P. F. Eyer at Montoursville.

Christ Church, Danville, will be dedicated on the 28th.

Beautiful Easter cards at the Columbian office.

The Purim ball at Danville on the evening of the 28th will be a grand affair.

Senators Emery and McKnight had a fist fight in the hall of the Senate at Harrisburg, on Friday.

There was a large attendance at St. Columba's Catholic church on Sunday, it being Palm Sunday.

St. Paul's Lutheran Church of Williamsport, which is just completed was dedicated on Sabbath last.

I. W. McKelvy is erecting a double frame dwelling house near Harman & Hassert's foundry on East street.

Thirty-five female doctors graduated at the Woman's Medical College of Pennsylvania, located at Philadelphia.

The *Bulletin*, a paper published in Hazleton has suspended publication. It has been purchased by the *Sentinel* and consolidated.

There was quite a large attendance of the Mite Society of the M. E. church at Geo. A. Herring's on Tuesday of this week.

The Central Pennsylvania Conference of the M. E. Church, will hold its next meeting in the Mulberry street M. E. Church, at Williamsport.

There will be early service at the Episcopal church on Easter Sunday at 6 o'clock. Morning service at 10 and children's service in the evening.

Samuel Bidleman, an aged citizen of Bloomsburg, died at his home last Thursday, March 15th, after a painful sickness. He was 78 years of age.

A complete assortment of the best American watches, both in hunting and open cases, warranted from two to five years, at L. Bernhard's jewelry store.

Samuel B. Cressman, of the Montour House, Danville, nephew of landlord Reihl, will assume management of the Central Hotel, Hazleton, on the 1st inst.

G. W. Sterner has rented part of his store room and dwelling to J. B. Trahen, of Ashland, who will act as general agent for the Singer Sewing machine.

D. J. Hall commenced the removal of the dead for the Town of Bloomsburg, from the Episcopal burying ground to Rosemont cemetery, on Friday last.

The State encampment of the Sons of Veterans will be held in Lancaster, on July 4th, 5th and 6th. There will be a parade on the 4th. All visiting camps will participate.

For Rent.—A desirable property on corner of 3rd and Railroad Sts. Suitable for boarding house. Inquire of G. M. Quick, at Prothonotary's office.

At a meeting of the Central Pennsylvania Musical Association at Selinsgrove last week it was decided to hold the musical jubilee at Selinsgrove on June 12th, 13th, 14th, and 15th.

If you want a nice Spring Hat
The latest color and style call at
David Lowenberg's Popular Clothing Store.

A house belonging to a man by the name of Hopper at Afton, was burned to the ground on Monday afternoon. Mrs. Hopper was sick in bed at the time of the fire, but escaped unhurt.

There was a very sudden change in the weather on Tuesday morning. On Monday it was very warm, and we were thinking of early spring, but Tuesday morning the thermometer ran down below freezing—and we all sought our overcoats.

Mrs. Benjamin Zarr, died at her home in Catawissa on Monday. She was buried at the Union Cemetry on Wednesday afternoon.

The Board of Pardons met on Tuesday afternoon, and refused all the applicants. The case of Israel Erb for the murder of the Kintzler's is held under advisement until the 4th of April.

Fine Spring Suitings
Fine Dress Suitings
Fine Trouserings
just arrived, call and examine the Custom Department of David Lowenberg's Popular Clothing Store.

The new M. E. Church at Espy will be dedicated with appropriate services on next Sabbath. Bishop T. Bowman will preach at 10 a. m. 3 p. m. Children's service to be addressd by visiting clergymen. Dr. Upham of N. J. will preach at 7 p. m.

Lumbermen take Notice! Parties having lumber, all kinds, and shingles to sell, will do well by calling on Lilly & Sleppy at Orangeville, Pa. They will pay the highest price in cash or merchandise for the above.

After July 1st the law does not require the two-cent check stamp. All those having check stamps on hand after that date can have them redeemed, if they are presented for payment within three years from the time of purchase from the government.

We were pleased to be visited last week with the following: W. L. Cole, Benton; Benjamin Miller, Espy; P. R. Baldy, Catawissa; James Rost, Buckhorn; Nathan Ramsley, Houtsdale, Clearfield county, Geo. Brown, of Hetlerville; Geo. M. Whitmire, of Orangeville; Levi Beishline, of Van Camp.

The Wilkesbarre *Record* this week publishes a list of the delinquent tax payers of that city. The list covers nearly four colums in the paper and there must be between twelve and fifteen hundred delinquents, and yet the *Record* says a great many paid in order to prevent their names from being published.

A complete surprise was given to Mrs. F. D. Dentler on Monday evening, the 19th. A large number of friends gathered at her home, while Mrs. Dentler was out calling at her neighbors, and when she returned was astonished to find so large a number of friends. A jovial evening was spent, which extended into the morning hours.

The drawings of the survey of the North branch of the Susquehanna river above Pittston are about completed at the United States Engineer's office, 1125 Girard street. The plans show a possibility for light navigation for a distance of over fifty miles upon the expenditure of the $10,000 already appropriated for that purpose. The engineer calls for proposals to do the work.

The following taken from the *Miltonian*, refers to a Normal school scholar with whom many of our readers were acquainted:

"Mr. W. A. McFarland, the gentlemanly coal and grain dealer, Broadway, Milton, intends locating in Colorado in the near future, where he is interested in some valuable mining properties. The business in this place will in future be conducted by Mr. John McFarland."

Rare Bargains in Fine Ready Made Clothing, grand arrival of Spring Styles.

We defy competition—We guarantee satisfaction. Elegant Suits for Little Boys. Substantial Suits for School. Stylish suits for Youths—call and be convinced that the best place to buy your Clothing is at the Popular Clothing Store of
David Lowenberg.

"Can you draw a cat?" is the latest social question, and you are immediately handed pencil and paper and requested to give your best idea of a cat without a model or semblance. One lady I know has what she calls "a cat basket," wherein she keeps all the attempts of her friends to draw a feline. It is astonishing how few people really know how a cat looks. Ask your friends to draw a cat and see the things they make. —*Boston Globe.*

A large stock of silver-plated knives and forks, as low as two dollars a set, also Carter's butter dishes, &c., at Bernhard's jewelry store.

The Montour Iron and Steel Company will have in operation in the near future a number of furnaces, which are being changed to boiling, for the purpose of making merchant bar iron. It is to be hoped that changes will soon be made to this entire works, so as to enable it to run to its fullest capacity, and to furnish work for the hundreds of men who are dependent upon it for support for themselves and families.—*Danville Record.*

The First National Bank has received for circulation, the new five dollar national currency, which is a very pretty bill. On the face of the bill at the left is a large portrait of Garfield; in the upper right corner is a large and distinct five; while in the centre are the words "Five Dollars." The back is of a brown color, in the centre is the number of the bank, 293, upon a green background. The money is known as the Garfield bank note.

The History of Columbia county is selling rapidly. If you desire to secure a copy you should send in your name at once. Direct all orders to this office.

On Tuesday evening, March 20th, a large number of friends gathered at the house of C. E. Savage, at the invitation of Mrs. Savage to make a birthday surprise party for her husband. The rooms were well filled with smiling faces, and shortly after eight o'clock Mr. Savage came in, and faced the crowd, considerably embarassed at the situation. It was a genuine surprise for him. Refreshments were served and a most delightful evening spent.

The Delaware, Lackawanna & Western Company have been boring an artesian well at Payne shaft, near Hyde Park, since last September. Last week water was struck at the depth of 485 feet and for a little while flowed at the rate of 600 gallons per minute, but after a few hours the flow modified to 300 gallons, and has since continued at that rate. The well is sufficient to supply water for the whole neighborhood of the mines, including the villages of Taylorville and Feltsville.—*Monroe Democrat.*

Cheap Railroad Tickets to the West.—If you are going west buy your tickets of R. D. Darlington, agent, P. & R. Rupert station. He sells cheap tickets to all parts of the west and over the most desirable routes. Trains leave Rupert at 6:15 and 8:50 a. m., and 4:06 p. m. feb 16-3m

A company has been organized in Williamsport to supply that city with the Edison electric light. Considerable delay has been caused from the fact that Williamsport is the only city outside of New York that the electric light company would grant a license. Last Saturday night the light was first introduced and very satisfactorily tried in several of the business places. The electric light is to be supplied to consumers at the same price as gas.

The Sunbury *Gazette* has ceased publication. The proprietors give as their reason for discontinuing the paper, that it has ceased to be remunerative. The *Gazette* was one of the oldest papers in the State, having been established in 1838. There were only 41 papers out of 996 in the State that were older than this paper. We regret to see so old a landmark leave us.

Mr. E. B. Campbell, of Elysburg, an experienced Colorado miner, visited the Silver Hill mine on Monday, and after a thorough inspection of all the developments, stated that the mine is extensive and valuable, the ore being similar to that of many of the large mines of Colorado. In his judgment the largest and richest ore bodies would be developed in the near future. The present veins in sight, while being excellent grades, is only the top of the formation and the lightest part of the ore. He was much surprised at the number and extent of the ore bodies already developed, and predicts a large and profitable industry for Sunbury. —*Sunbury Democrat.*

Hon. J. W. Murry, of Lock Haven, in an able speech in defence of Normal Schools, in the House of Representatives, last week, gave the following as the total indebtedness of the various Normal schools in the State:

Bloomsburg,	$ 30,240 00
California,	23,710 00
Edinboro,	10,173 00
Indiana,	57,387 45
Kutztown,	19,973 27
Lock Haven (Assets $10,000)	45,539 71
Mansfield,	8,857 95
Millersville,	10,000 00
Shippensburg,	55,226 58
West Chester,	53,893 00
	$314,970 96

A Lean Pig.—Last fall Mr. Chris Raup living near Turbutville, Pa., threshed some wheat for planting, and built a stack of the straw in the yard. About this time a young pig was missed by Mr. Raup. Search was made high and low, but no hog could be found, and it finally was given up as either lost or stolen. Nothing developed in the case until a short time ago, when some children, who were playing around the stack, saw the living skeleton of a hog crawl out of the straw. The brute was literally nothing but skin and bone, and was so ravenous and hungry that it ran for the children at once, and would have made a meal of them had it caught them. The hog was entombed in its strange prison just sixty-six days. It went into the stack in the fall a young pig and came out with the frame of a full grown porker, but so poor that it hardly bears any semblance of its former shape. It is being cared for. Its rations are one pint of milk and one peck of oats per day. The hog has excited much curiosity in the vicinity of Mr. Raup's place, and more people have called to see the beast than would go to the same amount of trouble to see Dr. Tanner, were he to repeat his remarkable fast in Turbutville.—*Ex.*

Use Caw's ink. It is the best. For sale at the Columbian office.

The Central Pennsylvania Conference of the M. E. Church, which met at Chambersburg, Pa., adjourned on last Tuesday morning. The session was harmonious and full of interest to the church. The Presidency of Bishop Simpson gave the utmost satisfaction, and his sermon on Sabbath is spoken of as one of rarest eloquence and power. Drs. J. H. Vincent, C. C. McCabe, C. H. Fowler, G. Crooks, and other distinguished divines were in attendance and presented the causes severally represented by them. Strong papers on temperance and in regard to training schools for Indians were adopted. From the report of Rev. M. L. Smyser, Presiding Elder of the Danville District, made to the Conference, we glean a few items. During the year thirteen churches have been erected, nine of which have been dedicated, one at Espy now ready for dedication, and the other three soon will be. $12,272.00 were contributed for the various church benevolences; $34,195.00 paid for building and improving church and parsonage properties, and nearly $10,000 00 applied in payment of old debts, making a grand total of $56,667.00 for church purposes, exclusive of amount raised for ministerial support and the ordinary current expenses. 932 probationers were received. The district is evidently in a very healthy condition. The ministerial appointments for this district appear elsewhere.

Illegal Voting in Schuylkill.

The commissioners appointed to investigate into the Russell-McGrath election contest closed its session at Ashland. Butler township, adjoining Ashland, was examined, and in all seventy-three illegal votes have been found, forty-six of which were cast for McGrath, Democrat, fourteen for Russell, Republican, and thirteen for Bierman, Greenbacker. The discovery of so much illegal voting in this township has encouraged Michael Nolan, defeated for school director, this spring, to commence proceedings with a view of contesting the seats of McAndrew and Flynn, declared elected. Nolan filed his petition in court. —*Hazleton Sentinel.*

Decided steps ought to be taken to cure a cold or cough at once. We should recommend Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup. This valuable medicine is indorsed by the physicians and you can rely on its doing the work every time.

A $20.00 Bible Reward.

The publishers of *Rutledge's Monthly* offer twelve valuable rewards in their *Monthly* for April, among which is the following:

We will give $20.00 in gold to the person telling us how many verses there are in the old Testament Scriptures by April 10th, 1883. Should two or more correct answers be received, the reward will be divided. The money will be forwarded to the winner April 16th, 1883. Persons trying for the reward must send 20 cents in silver (no postage stamps taken) with their answer, for which they will receive the May *Monthly*, in which the name and address of the winner of the reward and the correct answer will be published. This may be worth $20.00 to you; cut it out. Address, Rutledge Publishing Company, Easton, Pa.

The Electric Lights in Wilkes Barre.

In accordance with their promise the electric light men got most of their lamps in running order last night, and many of our city's stores and business places were flooded with their brilliant beams. All four dynamos were running, supplying sixty-three lights. Sixteen of those were in the upper story of the station, being thoroughly tested, while the remaining forty-seven were in the different stores in the city. The currents are conveyed through the city in two circuits each supplied by two dynamos. Thirty-one lights were on one circuit and thirty-two on the other.

The light last night gave the most universal satisfaction. Above all the steadiness, absence of all noise, and, harmlessness to the eyes, was noted. George Lohman, J. Stern, the Samters, and Hunt's hardware store had each three lights, and some others two. We heard that several merchants have already applied for more lights and others will doubtless follow their example. —*Wilkesbarre Record March 16.*

The New Jail in Trouble.

Editors of the Columbian:—

The County Commissioners, at their meeting on the 19th of March, 1883, passed, and put upon their minutes the following resolution:

Resolved, That the expenses of fuel, pumping water, repairs, &c., are too great for them to pay at new jail. The Commissioners think that the prisoners can be kept at the old jail with less expense than they can at new jail, and that the new jail should be condemned."

It is a lamentable fact that the new jail was built on ground to gratify a few selfish and designing individuals, in a bungling, careless and fraudulent manner. The roofing, plastering, plumbing and drainage at this early day all requiring to be done over again, and drainage as presently located is an impossibility. Until water will voluntarily flow up hill there can be no natural drainage from the bog whereon the new jail stands. There is, at this time, but one prisoner therein and that one is costing the county about twenty dollars a day. With some slight repairs he can be safely kept in the old jail for fifty cents a day. X.

Robert A. Packer's Will.

The will of the late Robert A. Packer has been proved before the Register of Bradford county. The instrument is dated October 12, 1880. There are three bequests only. After his just debts and funeral expenses are paid, he directs all of his property, real, personal and mixed, to be divided equally between his beloved wife, Emelie V. Packer, and the trustees of the Lehigh University. The witnesses are C. O. Speer, Allen Craig, and James S. Loose, all of Mauch Chunk. A codicil, made June 15, 1882, takes from the half share given the Lehigh University, $50,000, to be given with accumulated interest to his adopted daughter, Sarah Gertrude Packer, when she shall arrive at the age of twenty-one years. The executors are his wife, R. A. Elmer, of Waverly, and William Stevenson.

In May, 1882, Mr. Packer made a will, in which he gave $40,000 for the erection of an Episcopal Church at Sayre, and the income of $30,000 to pay the rector's salary, but this will was afterwards cancelled by him. The amount given to the Lehigh University is subject to a collateral inheritance tax of 5 per cent. which goes to the Commonwealth. The executors have not yet filed an inventory, but it is understood the estate will realize nearly $1,000,000.

Ministers Appointed.

At the final session of the Central M. E. Conference held at Chambersburg on Tuesday morning, the following appointments were made for the Danville district: Martin L. Smyser, P. E., post office, Danville, Pa.; Ashland, John Donahue; Beech Haven, O. S. Metzler; Benton, G. V. Savidge; Berwick, W. W. Evans; Bloomsburg, D. S. Monroe; Buckhorn, J. H. Mortimer; Catawissa, R. E. Wilson; Catawissa circuit, J. Z. Lloyd; Centralia, G. M. Larned; Conyngham, J. K. Fisher; Danville, St. Paul's, H. C. Pardoe; Danville, second church, D. H. Shields; Elysburg, T. H. Tubbs; Espy and Lightstreet, R. H. Wharton; Harveyville, J. F. Kerlin; Hazleton, S. M. Frost; Helfenstein and Gordon, J. A. Wood, Jr.; Herndon, to be supplied; Hickory Run, to be supplied; Jeansville and Audenreid, W. A. Clippinger; Jerseytown, N. H. Smith; Mifflinville, J. Horning; Mt. Carmel, S. W. Sears; Muhlenburg, J. W. Haughawout; Northumberland, W. C. Hesser; Orangeville, E. M. Chilcoat; Riverside, D. Hartman; Rohrsburg, to be supplied; Selinsgrove, T. O. Clees; Shickshinny, M. L. Drum; Shamokin, F. B. Riddle; Snydertown, H. B. Fortner; South Heberton, J. Guldin; Stockton and Beaver Meadow, J. W. Buckley; Sunbury, W. G. Ferguson; Town Hill, A. B. Hooven; Treverton, R. L. Armstrong; Washingtonville, G. H. Day; Weatherly, E. T. Swartz; West Hazleton, J. R. Shipe; West Shamokin, E. H. Witman; White Haven, B. P. King.

Hugh A. Curran, professor in the State Normal School, member of Bloomsburg quarterly conference.

Berwick Items.

March 19, 1883.

Eds. Columbian:—

Perhaps a few lines from your rival city of Berwick, may not come amiss in the Columbian that is extensively patronized here.

Spring is now opening up auspiciously, but heretofore it was as tight as a clam at high tide. Its shell was profoundly shut as the eyes of a defeated and well pummelled prize fighter. Let her come! Spring, with all her bluebirds, robins, bluejays and a few flies—but few.

Berwick has taken a second growth, like a Long John potato. There is a great big town upon the north-east, spliced on; another upon the south-west—two new towns spliced on the old one—that makes three, exactly, according to mathematical precision! Where can you find any other similar event in ancient or modern history? But it belongs to us! It is ours! We've got it! Don't you forgot it!

Well, they have actually got an organized company as to the Water-works, and are going to put a great big steeple on the reservoir to hold more water for the folks, because the licenses are all bought out for another year. New water pipes, new engine, new building, new canopy, in the shape of sheet iron—water works.

Do you suppose we hadn't a St. Patrick's procession on Saturday? We had, without banners, or bugles. Two cronies got to floundering around about a clay pipe, in Jackson & Woodin's store were nabbed and escorted to the lock-up, and safely ensconced for a few hours, and then arraigned before the burgess to pay for broken window lights of the lock-up, a toppled stove and their fine.

A few discharges in Jackson & Woodin's works, yet work seems to be plenty.

Across the river Nescopeck is growing. Geese used to pluck grass and grasshoppers in her streets, but that is all gone. The new railroad has put life into her, and she is coming up. Business prosperity is good, all the stores are selling goods.

The ice gorge will be along after while, tell the Bloomsburg folks, don't you forget it. They can catch its ice by the quart.

S. D. Savage is fast growing into popularity as toll keeper. We have not had his superior for years. His friends of Jackson township will be glad to read this in the Columbian. He bids long for usefulness and popularity with us.

Sleppy is fast growing into popularity as railroad conductor on the Bloomsburg & Lackawanna, and Thompson as baggage master.

G. W. Mauger, an old landlord of Bloomsburg, is still keeping up near the depot. The hotel is under going repairs. He is a prince of landlords.

Enough for this time.

Quillpen.

We have arranged to grind Lewis' Pure White Lead in Campbell's and Thayer's Pure Linseed Oil, and are prepared to offer inducements in price to dealers and consumers. Henry S. Reay,
3-2-3m Rupert Pa.

Council Proceedings.

An adjourned meeting of Town council was held on Wednesday evening, March 14th, all members present except Mr. Moyer.

On motion council proceeded to open proposals in regard to removing dead from Episcopal burying ground to Rosemont cemetery.

The contract was awarded to D. J. Hall, the lowest bidder, at 90c a grave, provided that he execute an agreement with the President of council and give bail in the sum of $200 for faithful performance of the contract before April 1st 1883.

Rescue Hook and Ladder Co., appeared by secretary and presented a resolution of company in regard to the sale of their truck, ladders &c., as follows: 1 Truck, 4 Ladders, 6 Hand Hooks, 3 Tug Hooks, 3 chains & Ropes, 4 axes, 7 Rubber buckets, 1 service rope.

The following named parties hold accounts against the Rescue Hook & Ladder Co., with their several accounts:

Bloomsburg Banking Co.	$76.25
I. W. Hartman	20.00
Bloom Band	20.00
G. M. & J. K. Lockard	1.25
Wm. Rabb	6.77
Wm. Kramer	4.80
Wm. Krickbaum	36.00
Elwell & Bittenbender	2.50
Total	$167.57

Mr. Rabb moved and Hassert seconded that Truck &c., be bought by the town of Bloomsburg for the sum of $167.57, the amount of indebtedness named in statement of Hook & Ladder Co. Motion carried.

All kinds of vendue notes kept at the Columbian office.

Mifflin Items.

Conference was well attended; two very able sermons were preached—the first by Rev. Wagner, of Hazleton, on Monday evening, the other by Rev. Flickinger, of Shamokin, on Tuesday evening. Conference closed on Wednesday, at 10:45, a. m.

John Mowrey's visitor will stay. Its a ten pound girl.

George Swank visited his uncle Stephen, of Centre, on Sunday.

Whooping-cough is prevailing in the schools, which tends to make poor attendance and noisy schools.

Mrs. Rettie Hortman of Bloomsburg, paid her sick mother a visit on Tuesday.

Among the changes of residence of our people which will take place in a short time, will be: Mrs. John Williams will move, with her newly married man, in their fine new house at Nescopeck; Joseph Mosteller will move to Hetlerville; Obadiah Swank will move where Cyrus Haycock now lives, the latter will take up his residence in Hobbie, Luzerne county; William Meyers will go to Rock Glen; Harvey Burd will take possession of the old Waters house.

Harvey Nuss has been dangerously ill, but is better again.

Quite a nuber of our people will attend Col. Copeland's lecture at Catawissa on the 30th.

The new *Record* office in town makes a first-class appearance. It has been erected between W. C. Hartzel's house and the tailor shop. Mr. Andreas means business.

Rev. Scott, of Gettysburg, will preach in the Lutheran church at this place on Sunday. In a week from then Rev. Sharretts, of Espy, will preach as a supply for the vacant charge.

Some of our farmers feel somewhat out of humor with an agent who went through this place selling a "new kind" of potatoes, at the rate of 25 cents per pound, and claiming that he was Vick's agent, and that the potatoes were to come from Vick. Within a mile of where he sold the potatoes, he bought them. The farmers mistrusting that they might buy their neighbor's potatoes of this man at the rate of $15 per bushel, while they could buy them of the neighbor himself for 60 cents per bushel, wrote to Vick, who answered saying that he has no agents and anything sold by agents as being from him is a fraud. Robbins, the agent, had better never try to deliver the potatoes which are ordered by our men, or he might get "flopped." Pinafore.

Invigorate your house plants before setting them out, by using "Food for Plants." We can recommend it. 10 and 25 cents a package. For sale at this office.

On Thursday night the partially decomposed body of a man was found near the L. & S. track at Scranton, buried in the sand. It was discovered by some boys while at play. The remains have not yet been identified. The skull had been crushed in with a blow from some blunt instrument, and there is no doubt but that the man was murdered and the body thus buried. The finding of the body called to mind the fact that about four months ago a pool of blood and a stained and battered hat were found a short distance from where the body was discovered.—*Wilkesbarre Record.*

MARRIAGES

Mensinger—Miller.—March 17, by Rev. G. B. Dechant, at Catawissa, Mr. James C. Mensinger to Miss Esther Miller, both of Main township, Columbia county Pa.

DEATHS.

Raber.—Died near Stillwater, on the 15th inst., Mrs. Elizabeth Raber aged 74 years, 1 month and 15 days.

Helwig.—March 15th, 1883, Elias L. Helwig at the home of his son in-law near Slabtown, aged 79 years, 9 months and 12 days. Interment on Sunday the 18th amid a large concourse of people.

Samuel Shaffer while working at Mrs. Creasy's house on Tuesday badly cut three of his fingers. Dr. Gardner dressed the wounds.

The great superiority of DR. BULL'S COUGH SYRUP over all other cough remedies is attested by the immense popular demand for that old established remedy.

Dr BULL'S
COUGH
SYRUP

For the Cure of Coughs, Colds, Hoarseness, Croup, Asthma, Bronchitis, Whooping Cough, Incipient Consumption and for the relief of consumptive persons in advanced stages of the Disease. For Sale by all Druggists.—Price, 25 cents.

LOCAL NOTICES.

We are closing out our prints cheap, and muslins cheaper than ever. To prove it call at Clark & Son's.

333½ nice white, thrifty shoats and pigs in weight from 20 lbs. 25, 30, 35, 40, 45, 50, 60, 70, 75 lbs. apiece. All young hens, young roosters, old hens, turkeys, geese, ducks, lard, dried apples in the county wanted at Light Street, by Silas Young. mar9-2m

If you want anything in dry goods or notion line, call at Lutz & Sloan's, as they keep first-class goods and sell them cheap.

For lace curtains, and poles to hang them on, go to Clark & Son's—large stock.

Strictly pure timothy seed, clover seed and large yellow seed corn—a car load of it for sale at Light Street by Silas Young. mar9-2m

Hamburg edgings, laces, ties, collars, ruchings, gloves, corsets, hosiery, braids, napkins, towels, counterpanes, ric-rac braid, towelings, &c., with a full line of small notions at Clark & Son's.

Lutz & Sloan claim to have the best black silks in the country, for the price.

100 teams wanted right away now to haul oak lumber from about six miles above Rohrsburg to the railroad at Bloomsburg, at Light Street by Silas Young. mar9-4w

Black cashmeres at lowest prices at Clark & Son's, with a full line of colors and other goods.

Strictly pure Clover and Timothy seed, a car load of it for sale at Light Street by Silas Young. mar. 2-2m

A large line of guipure, Spanish, Helvetia, and Spanish guipure laces, now open, with a full line of ornaments, buttons, gimps, &c., all at bottom prices, Clark & Son.

Lutz & Sloan have a very large assortment of black dress goods, suitable for ladies in mourning.

If you want anything in the way of silk dress goods, go to Clark & Son's, they have a full line of black dress silks, colored silks, plaid and stripe silks, &c., at prices to meet any, if not lower. Call and be convinced.

Improvements never cease, always at the lead now having a larger baking facility than ever. 12 bbl every 24 hours if needed, all the latest can be had at J. F. Caldwell's.

BUSINESS NOTICES.

"BUCHUPAIBA."

Quick, complete cure, all annoying Kidney, Bladder and Urinary Diseases. $1. Druggists.

Have you a cough? Sleepless nights need no longer trouble you. The use of Ayer's Cherry Pectoral, before retiring, will soothe the cough to quiet, allay the inflamation, and allow the needed repose. It will, moreover, speedily heal the pulmonary organs, and give you health.

Shiloh's Catarrh Remedy. A marvelous cure for Catarrh, Diphtheria, Canker mouth, and Head Ache. With each bottle there is an ingenious nasal Injector for the more successful treatment of these complaints without extra charge. Price 50cts. Sold by J. H. Kinports. may 5-eow.

CONCORD GRAPE VINES.

Fine, vigorous Vines, Two, three and Four Years' Old, for sale by the dozen or thousand at the lowest prices.

These Vines are raised on the famous Mt. Prospect Vineyards, at Passaic, N. J., where the well-known Port Grape Wine is produced that is so highly esteemed at Dresden and Berlin, and other European Cities to which it is shipped, and that is so highly esteemed by physicians everywhere.

Address, Alfred Speer,
Jan. 26, '83-3m. Passaic, N. J.

*For the delicate and complicated difficulties peculiar to women, Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound is the sovreign remedy.

ANSWER THIS QUESTION.

Why do so many people we see around us, seem to prefer to suffer and be made miserable by Indigestion, Constipation, Dizziness, Loss of Appetite, Coming up of the Food, Yellow Skin, when for 75 cts., we will sell them Shiloh's Vitalizer, guaranteed to cure them. Sold by J. H. Kinports. may 5-eow

SKINNY MEN.

"Wells' Health Renewer" restores health and vigor, cures Dyspepsia, Impotence sexual Debility.

,"They who cry loudest are not always the most hurt." Kidney-Wort does its work like the Good Samaritan, quickly, unostentatiously, but with great thoroughness. A New Hampshire lady writes: "Mother has been afflicted for years with kidney diseases. Last spring she was very ill and had an alarming pain and numbness in one side. Kidney-Wort proved a great blessing and has completely cured her."

SHILOH'S CONSUMPTION CURE.

This is beyond question the most successful Cough Medicine we have ever sold, a few doses invariably cure the worst cases of Cough, Croup, and Bronchitis, while its wonderful success in the cure of Consumption is without a parallel in the history of medicine. Since its first discovery it has been sold on a guarantee, a test which no other medicine can stand. If you have a Cough we earnestly ask you to try it. Price 10 cts. and $1.00. If your Lungs are sore, Chest, or Back, Lame, use Shiloh's Porous Plaster. Price 25 cts. Sold by J. H. Kinports. may 5 eow

☞No woman really practices economy unless she uses the Diamond Dyes. Many dollars can be saved every year. Ask the druggist.

"ROUGH ON RATS."

Clears out rats, mice, roaches, flies, ants, bed-bugs, skunks, chipmunks, gophers. 15c. Druggists.

SPEER'S PORT GRAPE WINE FOR PARTIES.

Physicians employ Speer's Port Grape Wine in their practice in all cases where a pure wine is called for, and do all in their power to foster and encourage its production. It is coming into great favor among the most wealthy in New York city as a family evening wine for entertainments. For sale by C. A. Kleim.

WORDS FAIL. "Words fail to express my gratitude," says Mr. Selby Carter, of Nashville, Tenn., "for the benefits derived from

Ayer's Sarsaparilla.

Having been afflicted all my life with Scrofula, my system seemed saturated with it. It came out in Blotches, Ulcers, and Mattery Sores, all over my body." Mr. Carter states that he was entirely cured by the use of Ayer's Sarsaparilla, and since discontinuing its use, eight months ago, he has had no return of the scrofulous symptoms.

All baneful infections of the blood are promptly removed by this unequalled alterative.

PREPARED BY

Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass.

Sold by all Druggists; $1, six bottles for $5.

1,000,000 Acres Choice Lands In the Great Wheat Belt. For sale by the WINONA & ST. PETER R. R. CO. at $2 to $6 per Acre, on easy terms, at low interest. Lowest fares and freight. Fare refunded [illegible]. A climate unsurpassed [illegible]. The best market facilities. [illegible] and Maps giving full information. Address CHAS. E. SIMMONS, Land Commissioner of Chicago & Northwestern Railway Co., Chicago, Illinois. Mention this paper.

IN MINNESOTA & DAKOTA

Mar 9 4w

ON 30 DAYS' TRIAL.

THE VOLTAIC BELT CO., Marshall, Mich., will send DR. DYE'S CELEBRATED ELECTRO-VOLTAIC BELTS and ELECTRIC APPLIANCES on trial for 30 days to men (young or old) who are afflicted with Nervous Debility, Lost Vitality, and kindred troubles, guaranteeing speedy and complete restoration of health and manly vigor. Address as above.—N. B.—No risk incurred, as 30 days' trial is allowed. Feb. 9th—1yr.

THE Columbian

STATIONERY DEPARTMENT

A full line of Stationary is kept in stock, including **ENVELOPES**, single, in packs, boxes, or by the thousand, all sizes, shapes, and colors. **PAPETERIES**, boxes containing one quire of writing paper and a pack of envelopes to match, from 15 cents to 75 cents a box. All kinds of **WRITING PAPER** Billet, Note, Packet, Letter, Fools Cap, Legal Cap, Account, Long Bill, &c., by the sheet, quire, or ream. Fine Calling Cards, white and cream, plain or gilt.

Wedding Invitations

and

CARDS.

Ink, all colors,
Mucilage,
Lead Pencils,
Pens & Pen Holders,
Paper Knives.
Autograph Albums,
Collectors' Receipt Books,
Administrators and Executors Receipt Books,
Blank Notes in books,
Butcher's Books,
Memorandum Books, all kinds.

We show over 20 different styles of Writing Tablets.

The special attention of Merchants is called to the fact that we handle **Paper Bags**, square and satchel bottom, and can give Philadelphia wholesale prices in lots of 5000 or over. Price list sent on application.

The largest lot of Legal Blanks for Lawyers and Justices in the county. Legal envelopes, and File covers, Paper Fasteners, &c.

In our

Printing Department

we are prepared to do all kinds of Job Work, Our facilities are equalled only in the large cities This is the only office in the county that runs Job presses by power, and we can therefore do faster, better and cheaper work than any other establishment.

THE COLUMBIAN

still continues to be the leading paper, with the largest circulation, constantly increasing, and the only paper of the size that puts its subscription at $1.50 a year. Compare it with others, then call and subscribe.

ELWELL & BITTENBENDER,

Bloomsburg, Pa.

NOTICE.

In the matter of the private alley in Greenwood township near William Beishline's, and P. E. Welliver's.

Among the records of the Court of Quarter Sessions of Columbia county it is *inter alia*, thus contained: And now, February 5th, 1883, on reading petition and motion of Geo. E. Elwell, a rule is granted to show cause why the said alley, described in the petition, shall not be closed up and vacated, And it is directed that said rule be published in one newspaper in the county for four successive weeks, and that all persons having interests or rights in said alley, who are not petitioners, shall have notice thereof in writing duly served upon them. Returnable the first Monday of May, 1883. BY THE COURT.
3 23-4w

ORPHANS' COURT SALE

VALUABLE

Real Estate ! !

In pursuance of an order of the Orphans' Court of Columbia county the undersigned trustee to make sale of the land of Elizabeth Kelchner, deceased, will expose to Public Sale on the premises in Mifflinville, said county, on

THURSDAY, March 29th, 1883.

At ten o'clock a. m., the following described real estate, situate in said village of Mifflinville, on the south side of Fourth street, adjoining lot of M. E. Church on the East, Fifth street on the South, lot of Samuel Bidleman on the West; being sixty-six feet in width on Fourth street, and two hundred feet, more or less, deep, whereon is erected a two-story frame house.

TERMS OF SALE.—Ten per cent. of the one fourth of the purchase money to be paid at the striking down of the property, the one-fourth less the ten per cent. at the confirmation of sale; and the remaining three-fourths in one year thereafter, with interest from confirmation nisi.

Purchasers to pay for deed.

JOHN MOUREY,
Mar 2 Trustee.

ORPHANS' COURT SALE

OF VALUABLE

Real Estate!

The undersigned administrator of Elizabeth Walter, deceased, of Montour township, Columbia county, Pa., will expose to public sale on the premises on

SATURDAY March, 31st 1883

At two o'clock in the afternoon, a messuage and tract of land situate in the township of Montour in said county of Columbia, bounded by lands of Reuben Guild, John Walter, Evan Welliver's estate, Francis Evans, Samuel Gigger, William Trowbridge and others, containing

22 ACRES,

more or less.

TERMS OF SALE.—Ten per cent. of the one-fourth of the purchase money to be paid at the striking down of the property; the one-fourth less the ten per cent. at the confirmation of sale; and the remaining three-fourths in one year thereafter, with interest from confirmation nisi.

Purchasers to pay for deed.

R. BUCKINGHAM,
Mar 2 Administrator.

ORPHANS' COURT SALE

OF VALUABLE

Real Estate!

Pursuant to an order of the Orphans' Court of Columbia county, Pa., will be sold at Public Sale, on the premises in the township of Beaver, in said county on

FRIDAY, March 23, 1883.

At two o'clock in the afternoon, the following described real estate late of Jacob Baker, deceased, to-wit: A farm adjoining lands of Charles Michael, Gideon Bredbenner and others, containing

FIFTY ACRES,

more or less, whereon are erected a two-story frame dwelling house, frame barn and other outbuildings. Said land being well improved.

Ten per cent of one fourth of the purchase money to be paid at striking down of the property; the one fourth less the ten per cent. at the confirmation absolute of the sale, and the balance in one year from confirmation nisi, with interest from that date.

Purchasers to pay for deed.

CHARLES BAKER,
Mar 2 Administrator.

EVERY LADY

SHOULD SUBSCRIBE FOR

Strawbridge & Clothier's

FASHION QUARTERLY.

EVERY NUMBER CONTAINS: Nearly one thousand engravings, illustrating the new things in every department of fashion.

EVERY NUMBER CONTAINS: Four pages of new music, in most cases original, either vocal or instrumental.

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EVERY NUMBER CONTAINS: Valuable original articles, mostly illustrated, on subjects that treat of the adornment of the person, the beautifying of home, and the newest things in art needle work.

EVERY NUMBER CONTAINS: Instructions how the distant consumer can shop as satisfactorily and as economically as residents of the city.

PRICE, 50 CENTS PER COPY.
SPECIMEN COPIES, 15 CENTS.

STRAWBRIDGE & CLOTHIER,

Eight and Market Streets, Philadelphia.
Jan' 5, '83 tf.

ORANGEVILLE ACADEMY,
Orangeville, Pa.

Spring term begins April 9th.

Students prepared for TEACHING, BUSINESS, or HIGH STANDING in College.

A Scientific Course of great value, rarely to be acquired, except by a long and expensive term in College.

Superior primary department.

Special instruction for the backward, by which the brilliant are enabled to advance more rapidly.

Competent and skillful teachers. Expenses very small. Circulars sent.

FRANCIS HECK, A. M.,
mar9-1m Principal.

THE ATTENTION OF INVESTORS Is called to the shares of THE GREAT PLAINS LIVE STOCK COMPANY as a means for the safe and profitable investment of sums of $10 up. The capital is 100,000 shares of $10 each, full paid and non-assessable. Company chartered by general laws of Colorado. Interest at the rate of 30 to 50 per cent. per annum, payable quarterly. The very best reference for character and qualifications of managers, with full particulars, sent on application to The Great Plains Live Stock Co., Denver, Col.
Mar 9-4w

MARKET REPORTS.

BLOOMSBURG MARKET.

Wheat per bushel	$1.05
Rye "	.80
Corn, "	.60
Oats " "	.45
Flour per barrel	6.40
Cloverseed	5.50
Butter	.32
Eggs	18
Tallow	06
Potatoes	.50
Dried Apples	.06
Hams	14
Sides & Shoulders	11
Chickens	10
Turkeys	.12
Lard per pound	.14
Hay per ton	16 00
Beeswax	25
Buckwheat flower per 100	3.00

PHILADELPHIA MARKETS.

March 20.

Cotton—Steady at 10½c for middling uplands.

Flour—Market was quiet and weak; sales of 1,400 barrels, including Minnesota extras at $5.75@6.50; Pennsylvania family $5.00@5.10; western do $5.50@6.00; patents $6.25@8.00.

Rye Flour—Steady at $3.75@3.87½.

Wheat—The market was dull, but steady; car lots $1.15@1.21; $1.18 bid for March; $1.18¾ for April; $1.20¼ for May; $1.20¾ for June.

Corn—Market is inactive, but steady; car lots 55@64½c; 64c bid for March; 66c for April; 67c for May; 67c for June.

Oats—Market was dull; car lots 51@54c; 51c bid for March; 52½c for April; 52½c for May; 53c for June.

At the Open Board, second call, 1 p. m.:

Wheat—Market is steady; $1.18¼ bid for March; $1.19 for April; $1.20¾ for May; $1.21 for June.

Corn—Market was steady, with 65c bid for March; 66c for April; 67c for May; 67½ for June.

Oats—52c bid for March; 52½c for April; 52¾c for May; 53½c for June.

Whiskey—Firm at $1.19 for western.

A NEW BOOK BY MARK TWAIN entitled "LIFE ON THE MISSISSIPPI." A rich theme, and the richest, raciest volume of all the Twain series. Characteristic illustrations. $2,500 in cash prizes to agents. "A word to the wise is sufficient."

AGENTS WANTED—Outfits now ready, $1. For particulars address Douglas Bros., Phila., Pa. Mar 9-4w

FREE 25 USEFUL ARTICLES, & BEAUTIFUL FLORAL CHROMO CARDS, Size 5 x 8, and an illustrated Book, to all who send two 3c. stamps for postage and packing. Mention this paper. E. G. RIDEOUT & CO., NEW YORK.
ea Jan 1, '83-1y

Spring Work.

CLEANING THE TRUNKS OF FRUIT TREES.

Germantown Telegraph.

Now, before the warm weather gives life and motion to many insects who use the barks of trees for their winter quarters, is as good time as any—and before active outdoor work begins—to clean off all the moss and superfluous or old bark from the trunks of trees. Not only the insects, but their millions of eggs, and the seeds of various blights and mildews are sheltered in the crevices and rough places of the old barks, moss, &c. It should be taken for granted that the appearance of the vegetable organisms on the stems of trees, as well as upon the bark of the trunks, shows that something has already gone wrong. Something has prevented the tree from thriving as it should have done, and because it did not thrive the moss followed. When, therefore, we make up our minds to look after the moss, it will be as well to find out what is the matter with the tree, and if possible place it in a position to throw off, as it grows, the dead bark on which the mosses and sickness feed.

The stunted condition of the trees which induces mossy and hide-bound bark is more frequently the result of *starvation* than anything else. When a tree does not expand fast the bark is not thrown off but remains on the tree to slowly decay; but with a rapid expansion it is thrown off as a tree swells and thus keeps its ownself clean. Starvation keeps the tree from growing. A liberal supply of good food making a tree thrive and expand rapidly, is one of the best means of keeping a tree clean and clear of moss.

When a tree has once got into its hardened condition, mere manuring will hardly get it out of it alone. In such cases orchardists make use of a liberal application of the pruning knife—cutting away all the branches which may seem to be pretty well hardened or stunted. This brings on a free growth of foliage the next season, and a free growth is one of the best ways to keep the main stems clean.

Much can be done in the early spring with those old starved and stunted trees towards getting them to do better. The loose bark may be scraped off, and even washed with weak potash water or soft soap. The branches which seem gone beyond recovery, or are too weak or so much stunted as to promise little in the future, may be cut away, and some good fertilizing material may be hauled and spread under the trees.

As to what is a good fertilizer for fruit trees much has been written, but we believe for the apple and pear almost anything that comes conveniently to hand is good. We knew years ago one very successful apple raiser who used nothing whatever but ashes from the kitchen. These were always saved expressly for his apple orchard and spread evenly on the ground under each tree. It is commonly said that there is no nutrition in anthracite coal ashes, and perhaps there is not; but it is a fact that these trees grew amazingly, and bore a large crop of the most beautiful fruit. It may be that the wood ashes from the "kindling," and perhaps some kitchen refuse among the rest, were the chief fertilizing ingredients. Be that as it may, this orchard was a grand success. The bark was always smooth and healthy looking, without any washing or scraping. Nothing in the orchard line could look better. We have known others who used simply ditch cleanings, or good top soil from wet places, and always with considerable increase in the apparent health and vigor of the tree.

* * *

USE OF PLASTER AND ASHES.—Henry Ives, one of the best farmers in far-famed Western New York, writes thus sensibly to the *Tribune*: "To use plaster on any of our growing crops requires so slight a cast and so often proves beneficial, that one can hardly afford to neglect its application, although occasionly no perceptible advantage is derived from it, and, at best, we scarcely look for benefit except for the one season and the one crop. But in using ashes we are more sure of benefit, and its good effects are so lasting that after one liberal application, say of from 50 to 100 bushels per acre (though if leached ashes are used one could safely apply three to six times this quantity), the effect will show for five, ten or even fifteen years, by increasing fertility. When applying plaster to corn, or plaster and guano, phosphate or hen manure, or even with a small quantity of ashes (in all cases from 100 to 200 weight to the acre is enough of the plaster), the ingredients should be prepared and well mixed on the barn floor, loaded into an open wagon, so as to have it along convenient to the work, and almost any time in the early growth of the corn apply a small handful to each hill, not as some do, by throwing it carelessly in a compact heap near to the hill, but as it is thrown sifting through the fingers give it an even distribution all about the hill. But after the corn is a little more advanced I believe it would do it more good, and without costing much if any more, to use two or three times as much of the fertilizing mixture, sowing it broadcast over the field. If, instead, the farmer could apply 60 or 80 bushels of ashes to the acre, it should be done before planting or seeding, so as to be well mixed with soil when preparing it for the seed bed. This, I believe, is the most lasting of any kind of fertilizer, and one of the cheapest, too, when the ashes can be obtained without costing more than 25 or 30 cents a bushel. After such an application of ashes, or other fertilizer, or manure, it is still just as desirable as ever to plaster the corn growing on such fertilized land."

* * *

He Was the Wrong Man.

Several weeks ago, by special enactment of the legislature, the governor offered a reward of $200 for an Arkansaw man who is not a judge, colonel, major, or captain. The next day a plain, unassuming man called upon the governor, and said:

"I have the honor, sir, to claim the reward you offered for a man who is neither a judge, colonel, major, nor captain. I am neither of these."

"I am glad to meet you, sir," said the governor. "Just sit down a moment until I attend to a little matter of business."

The man took a seat, and the governor went into an adjoining room, and, after a moment, called:

"Colonel."

"Yes, sir," said the gentleman arising.

"That's all right," remarked the governor. "I see you are a colonel. Porter, please show the military gentleman to the door, and admit the next man."

Quality of Eggs.

A gentleman once remonstrated with his market-woman on the high price of her eggs, to which she replied: "Eggs is eggs now-a-days, I would have you know," meaning that they were scarce. "I am very glad to know it," said the gentleman, "for the last I bought of you were chickens."

Eggs are eggs, whatever may be the price, but there is a difference in the quality even of fresh eggs. They are all manufactured alike, but they are not all made of the same material, and hence the difference. It is a well-established fact that the food of fowls affects the taste of the eggs as well as the taste of their flesh. The flesh of water fowls that live on fish has a fishy flavor, and their eggs partake of the same. So the odor and flavor of onions may be detected in the eggs of barn-yard fowls, and it does not always require a detective to perceive it. All this might be inferred from the slightest knowledge of animal physiology, and is proved by actual experience.

The quality of eggs cannot be ascertained in the market, excepting as to whether they are fresh or addled; the proof is the same as in the case of a pudding—it is in the eating. But those who keep fowls and have their eggs laid to order may know beforehand what is to be their quality. If you have the right kind of fowls, it depends largely on their food. Fowls should be kept in a clean, wholesome place. They should have clean food to eat and only clean water to drink. They should not be allowed to live on the dunghill, but should have plenty of good and wholesome food. Corn and wheat are good enough for a staple diet. Buckwheat will not furnish as rich eggs as either of these. Fowls should have some kind of green food. In summer they gather it for themselves when they run at large; in winter it should be provided for them. Cabbage and other vegetables should be laid up expressly for their use in the winter season. In order to ensure their laying freely they require some kind of animal food. In summer they gather it by catching grasshoppers and various kinds of insects, but in winter they have no such resource. Refuse pieces of meat, liver, etc., may be obtained at the butchers, and scraps of meat from the table should be given them.

But whatever they feed on, care should be taken to have it cleanly. It is well worth the experiment to try different kinds of food, and then test the quality of the eggs. Great satisfaction will be found in the result of good care and clean feeding.

Betting on a Certainty.

In the British army, India, betting among the officers often runs to an extreme of vice that is sometimes fearful to contemplate. Perhaps it is no worse than in club life in London, where the most amusing as well as tragical stories are told of the curious bets that are made. Betting on a certainty is held to be unfair, unless the avowal is distinctly made, so that no undue advantage is taken.

An officer in the army had imported for his private apartments a new and beautiful mahogany table. A day or two after it had arrived and had been duly installed in his quarters, a brother officer, a great swell and very unpopular, dropped in familiarly, and greatly admired the beautiful table. The owner was shaving himself at the glass with his back toward his visitor—Colonel Brown—but continued the conversation until the colonel withdrew, the latter remarking that he soon hoped to have his legs under that elegant mahogany.

The owner of the table, whom we must call Major Jones, made up a little dinner party in the course of a few days, and Colonel Brown was one of the number. It was natural that the new table should be the subject of remark, and Brown, who affected to be a connoisseur in all matters, said the table was perfect, with one exception.

Jones. "and pray what is that. colonel?"

Brown. "It is just a little too high."

Jones. "Do you think so? How high would you suppose it to be?"

Brown. "I presume it is the usual height, just thirty six-inches, and it ought to be less than that by at least half an inch."

Jones. "That is the exact height, thirty-five and a half inches, not thirty-six as you suppose."

Brown. "Pardon me. I am certain it is three feet high: I will make you a bet on it."

Jones. "You will lose if you do, for I give you notice that I know its exact height to be half an inch, and if I bet I shall bet to a dead certainty."

Brown. "I am just as sure as you are; I am betting on a dead certainty also: my eye never deceives me. I will lay you a hundred or a thousand pounds that this table is thirty-six inches high; no more, no less."

The major sought to dissuade his guest from his purpose to make a bet, assuring him that he *knew* the height of the table, and did not want to bet on a certainty, but when the excitement grew furious, the wager was finally laid at an enormous sum—I have heard it stated as high as $50,000—£10,000 That seems preposterous, when such a trifle was the subject, but the gambling spirit does not stick at trifles. When the betting was finally arranged, Colonel Brown exclaimed, exultingly, I told you I *knew* the table was just thirty-six inches high: I did *know* it, because when I called, just after it had arrived, I took its measure on my cane as I sat by it, and after I went out I measured, and found it to be, as I have said, precisely thirty six inches high.

"Yes," said Major Jones, "I was sitting with my back toward you, but I was shaving before the looking-glass, and I saw you take the measure of the table with your cane. Suspecting that you were preparing for a bet as to its height, after you left I had a half an inch taken off, and it is now precisely thirty-five and a half inches high."

The applause that followed this result was tremendous, and completed the discomfiture of the unpopular colonel. It was evident that he had been laying a plan to cheat, and would have pocketed the money if he had won. He was sent to Coventry. He sold his commision and returned to England, being unable to stand up against the contempt of the officers, who thoroughly despised his character.—*Harper's Magazine for April.*

* * *

A band of wandering Turks, near Baltimore, are accused of having thrown the body of a dead infant to their bears. This seems to be a story to suit all localities. A band which encamped near Bellefonte was accused of doing the same thing last fall. Yet there was nothing of it.

* * *

It is said that three hundred girls sailed from Limerick, Ireland, recently and that they will settle in New Hampshire. That's the ticket. Make way for the pretty daughters of Erin. Stand, aside, Yanks! What yer gawkin' at?

The Coming Coronation.

There are great preparations going on at the present time in St. Petersburg and Moscow for coronation, which is to take place in May. Already many hundreds of horses are being transferred from the imperial stables of St. Petersburg to Moscow. The number of these animals required for the occasion may be surmised from the fact that the minister of the imperial household has issued an order to engage 1,200 volunteers as stablemen in addition to the regular men in the employment. Thirty-six gilded closed carriages and four gilded open carriages are to be sent to Moscow for the occasion. These vehicles must, of course, be more imposing than comfortable, since they mostly belong to the style of carriage made a century and even more ago. Most of them were constructed in the beginning of the eighteenth century, while others were made in the reigns of Alexander I. and Nicholas I. Conspicuous among them is the magnificent gilded carriage presented to the empress Elizabeth of Russia by Frederick the Great in 1746. These forty carriages, with the invited guests, will be drawn by 188 horses, fifty-nine of which have been recently imported from Hanover expressly for the purpose, and are reported to be a splendid set of horses—all alike as peas and all of a magnificent bay shade.

Two ermine lined purple coronation mantles have been ordered of the dealer in furs, Grunwald, of Moscow. These mantles are to be about seven yards in length, with an imperial eagle embroidered in gold on the back of each of them. The dress which is to be worn by the empress at the coronation is being embroidered in the famous atelier of Loman, in Moscow. It will consist of finely woven silver cloth, all embroidered in silver, a garland of embroidery nearly a yard wide running around the bottom of the skirt and covering the train. The train alone, consisting almost entirely of silver, is to weigh more than twenty pounds.

The old capital of Russia is to display the greatest hospitality on that occasion. All the numerous monasteries, all private houses, are undergoing repairs in order to offer accommodation to the expected guests. None of the persons summoned for the occasion to Moscow by the imperial decree are to be quartered in hotels; the houses of the nobility, of the notables and of the dignitaries of the church, are open to those. The Metropolitans of St. Petersburg and of Kief, who are to crown the Czar, are to have a splendid set of rooms in the two large historic monasteries of Moscaw, and likewise will be accommodated the other twelve prelates who are to officiate at the coronation.

The nobles of the government of Moscow, in council assembled, have decided to offer the traditionary bread and salt to the monarch on a plate which is to cost 5,000 rubles. They have resolved to give a ball to the Emperor at which, in order to avoid a crowd, but 2,700 persons will be present, though the house of the nobility in Moscow may easily contain over 4,000 guests. Fifteen thousand rubles have been voted for the decoration of the ball room, as much more for the restoration of furniture, and all expenses considered, the ball to be given by the nobility is very likely to cost 100,000 rubles, which sum will be levied as a self-imposed tax from the income of the landed proprietors of the government of moscow, who are all eager to extend their hospitality to the Czar and Czaritza.

[A ruble is a Russian silver coin worth from 75 to 80 cents according to the date of coinage.]

The Paper Consumption.

Of the estimated 1,300,000,000 human beings inhabiting the globe, 360,000,000 have no paper nor writing material of any kind; 500,000,000 (of the Mongolian race) uses paper made from the stalks and leaves of plants; 10,000,000 use for graphic purposes tablets of wood; 130,000,000—the Persians, the Hindoos, Armenians and Syrians—have paper made from cotton, while the remaining 300,000,000 use the ordinary staple. The annual consumption by this latter number is estimated at 1,800,000,000 pounds, an average of six pounds to the person, which has increased from two and a half pounds during the last fifty years. To produce this amount of paper, 200,000,000 pounds of woolen rags, beside great quantities of linen rags, straw, wood and other materials, are yearly consumed. The paper is manufactured in 3,960 paper mills, employing 90,000 male and 180,000 female laborers. The amounts, proportionately, of the different kinds of paper are stated to be: Of writing paper, 300,000,000 pounds; of printing paper, 900,000,000 pounds; of wall paper, 400,000,000, and 200,000,000 pounds of cartons, blotting paper, etc. —*Papar World.*

* * *

Puget Sound is considered one of the most remarkable bodies of water in the world. It is surrounded by continuous forests that reach back to the summits of the Cascade and Olympic ranges. The streams that come down from the mountains on every side have fertile valleys; some of them already occupied and well cultivated. Puyallup and White Rivers and their affluents are well settled but there is abundant room for settlers on the Snoqualmie, Snohomish, Squak, Skagit and Nootsack, as well as on a valley in Whatcom county, where Frazer's River once flowed. It was once believed that the land around the sound was worthless, and that its forests stood on rock without soil; but time has demonstrated that this is only true of a small extent of country near the Sound, and that all the upland between the streams and extending to the mountains, is rich, deep soil that will produce anything that will grow in that climate.

* * *

ABOUT ROAD TAX.—The Supreme Court of Pennsylvania has rendered several decisions of general interest in the matter of road tax. The right of farmers to work out their road tax has been generally conceded, but supervisors in a few townships insist that the tax must be paid in money. A test case has been decided in favor of the tax-payers, and their right to work out the tax distinctly and finally affirmed. In other cases collectors of road tax have claimed a commission on the part worked out, as well as that paid into the township treasury. The Supreme Court decided that all claims for such commissions should be rejected, the working out of a tax imposing no labor on the collector or treasurer, but on the supervisor, who is paid for his services.

I CURE FITS!

When I say cure I do not mean merely to stop them for a time and then have them return again. I mean a radical cure. I have made the disease of FITS, EPILEPSY or FALLING SICKNESS a life-long study. I warrant my remedy to cure the worst cases. Because others have failed is no reason for not now receiving a cure. Send at once for a treatise and a Free Bottle of my infallible remedy. Give Express and Post Office. It costs you nothing for a trial, and I will cure you. Address Dr. H. G. ROOT, 183 Pearl St., New York.

Hop Bitters

Are the Purest and Best Bitters ever made.

They are compounded from Hops, Malt, Buchu, Mandrake and Dandelion,—the oldest, best and most valuable medicines in the world and contain all the best and most curative properties of all other remedies, being the greatest Blood Purifier, Liver Regulator, and Life and Health Restoring Agent on earth. No disease or ill health can possibly long exist where Hop Bitters are used, so varied and perfect their operations.

They give new life and vigor to the aged and infirm. To all whose employments cause irregularity of the bowels or urinary organs, or who require an Appetizer, Tonic and mild Stimulant, Hop Bitters are invaluable, being highly curative, tonic and stimulating, without intoxicating.

No matter what your feelings or symptoms are, what the disease or ailment is, use Hop Bitters. Don't wait until you are sick, but if you only feel bad or miserable, use Hop Bitters at once. It may save your life. Hundreds have been saved by so doing. $500 will be paid for a case they will not cure or help.

Remember, Hop Bitters is no vile, drugged, drunken nostrum, but the Purest and Best Medicine ever made; the "Invalid's Friend and hope," and no person or family should be without it. (3)

KIDNEY-WORT

IS A SURE CURE

for all diseases of the Kidneys and

LIVER

It has specific action on this most important organ, enabling it to throw off torpidity and inaction, stimulating the healthy secretion of the Bile, and by keeping the bowels in free condition, effecting its regular discharge.

Malaria. If you are suffering from malaria, have the chills, are bilious, dyspeptic, or constipated, Kidney-Wort will surely relieve and quickly cure.

In the Spring to cleanse the System, every one should take a thorough course of it.

41- SOLD BY DRUGGISTS. Price $1.

KIDNEY-WORT

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PORT GRAPE WINE.

Used in the principal Churches for Communion purposes:

Excellent for Ladies and Weakly Persons and the Aged.

EXCELLENT FOR FEMALES AND WEAKLY PERSONS.

Speer's Port Grape Wine!

FOUR YEARS OLD.

THIS CELEBRATED NATIVE WINE is made from the juice of the Oporto Grape, raised in this country. Its invaluable

Tonic and Strengthening Properties

are unsurpassed by any other Native Wine. Being the pure juice of the Grape, produced under Mr. Speer's own personal supervision, its purity and genuineness, are guaranteed. The youngest child may partake of its generous qualities, and the weakest invalid use it to advantage. It is particularly beneficial to the aged and debilitated, and suited to the various ailments that affect the weaker sex. It is in every respect A WINE TO BE RELIED ON.

SPEER'S

P. J. Sherry.

The P. J. SHERRY is a wine of Superior Character, and partakes of the rich qualities of the grape from which it is made. For Purity, Richness, Flavor and Medicinal Properties, it will be found unexcelled.

SPEER'S

P. J. Brandy.

This BRANDY stands unrivalled in this Country being far superior for medicinal purposes.

IT IS PURE distillation from the grape, and contains valuable medicinal properties.

It has a delicate flavor, similar to that of the grapes, from which it is distilled, and is in great favor among first-class families.

See that the signature of ALFRED SPEER, Passaic N. J., is over the cork of each bottle.

SOLD BY C. A. KLEIM.

AND BY DRUGGISTS EVERY WHERE.

Sept. 22, '82. 1-y

PISO'S CURE FOR

CURES WHERE ALL ELSE FAILS. Best Cough Syrup. Tastes good. Use in time. Sold by druggists.

25 CONSUMPTION. 100

ald Jan 26 '83-1y.

WISE people are always on the lookout for chances to increase their earnings, and in time become wealthy; those who do not improve their opportunities remain in poverty. We offer a great chance to make money. We want many men, women, boys and girls to work for us right in their own localities. Any one can do the work properly from the first start. The business will pay more than ten times ordinary wages. Expensive outfit furnished free. No one who engages fails to make money rapidly. You can devote your whole time to the work, or only your spare moments. Full information and all that is needed sent free. Address STINSON & Co Portland. Maine. Dec. 8, '82-1y

Free! Cards and Chromos.

We will send free by mail a sample set of our large German, French and American Chromo Cards, on tinted and gold grounds, with a price-list of over 200 different designs, on receipt of a stamp for postage. We will also send free by mail as samples, ten of our beautiful Chromos, on receipt of ten cents to pay for packing and postage; also enclose a confidential price list of our large oil chromos. Agents wanted. Address F. GLEASON & Co., 46 Summer Street, Boston Mass.

Feb. 23d, 4w. d.

$66 a week in your own town. Terms and $5 outfit free. Address H. HALLET & Co., Portland Maine. march. 31 -1y

$72 A week made at home by the industrious. Best business now before the public. Capital not needed. We will start you. Men, women, boys and girls wanted everywhere to work for us. Now is the time. You can work in spare time, or give your whole time to the business. No other business will pay you nearly as well. No one can fail to make enormous pay, by engaging at once. Costly outfit and terms free. Money made fast, easily, and honorably. Address TRUE & Co., Augusta, Maine. Dec. 8, '82-1y.

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By ALLAN PINKERTON, the great Detective, who, under the nom de plume of E. J. Allen, was Chief of the Secret Service of the U.S. Army during the Rebellion. A marvelous, thrilling and truthful [illegible] Containing many [illegible] of the war never before made public. Full of [illegible] illustrations. A rare chance for Agents. Write for circulars and special terms. H. W. Kelley, Publisher, Philadelphia, Pa.

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Manufacturers of

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An English Veterinary Surgeon and Chemist, now traveling in this country, says that most of the Horse and Cattle Powders sold here are worthless trash. He says that Sheridan's Condition Powders are absolutely pure and immensely valuable. Nothing on earth will make hens lay like Sheridan's Condition Powders. Dose, 1 teaspoonful to 1 pint food. Sold everywhere, or sent by mail for 8 letter-stamps. I. S. JOHNSON & CO., BOSTON, MASS. al1 Jan 26 '83-1y.

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June 30-1y ald

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From the Districts of ASSAM, CHITTAGONG, CACHAR, KANGRA VALLEY, DARJEELING, DEHRA DOON, and others. Absolutely Pure. Superior in flavor. The Most Economical. Requires only half the usual quantity. Sold by all grocers. JOHN C. PHILLIPS & CO., Agents of the Calcutta Tea Syndicate, 130 Water-St. N. Y.

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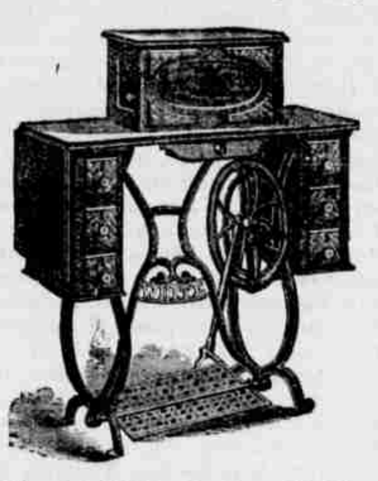

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After Long and Weary Waiting Relief is Brought to those who Need it.

"Well, Pat," said an Orange county Physician to a complaining Irish patient some years ago, "for that pain in your chest you had better go home and put on a mustard plaster. I can't think this minute of anything better. And by the way," added the doctor turning to a friend, "I wish somebody would invent a real good plaster—something actually helpful for such cases as Pat's. Maybe they will sometime, when its too late for me to use it."

When BENSON'S CAPCINE POROUS PLASTER was placed on the market about ten years ago the doctor's hope became a fact. Because of the rare medicinal virtues inherent in it, its rapid action and sure results, the Capcine is fast displacing the slow-acting plasters of former days, for all affections to which a plaster is ever applicable. Price 25 cents. In the middle of the genuine is cut the word CAPCINE

Seabury & Johnson, Chemists, New York.

feb 2-4w d

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I have a positive remedy for the above disease; by its use thousands of cases of the worst kind and of long standing have been cured. Indeed, so strong is my faith in its efficacy, that I will send TWO BOTTLES FREE, together with a VALUABLE TREATISE on this disease, to any sufferer. Give Express and P. O. address. DR. T. A. SLOCUM, 181 Pearl St., New York.

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which for 1883, contains PETER HENDERSON'S "Revised Instructions on Vegetable and Flower Culture," making it a condensed Gardening Book, having all the latest information known to the author of "Gardening for Profit." Mailed free on application. (Please state in what paper you saw this.)

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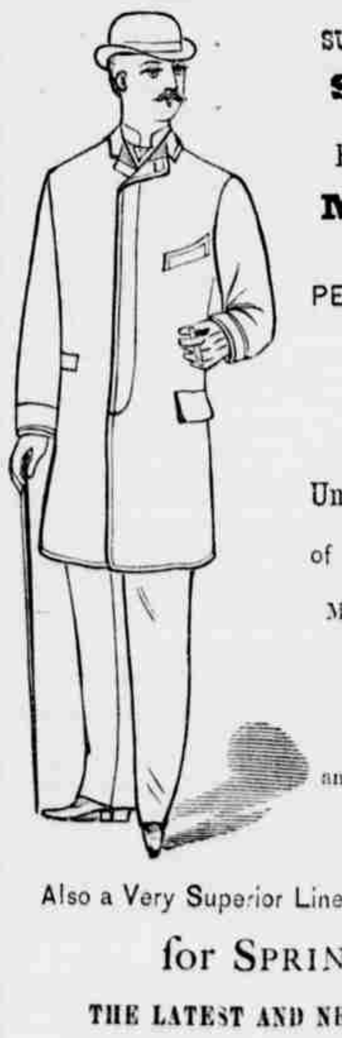

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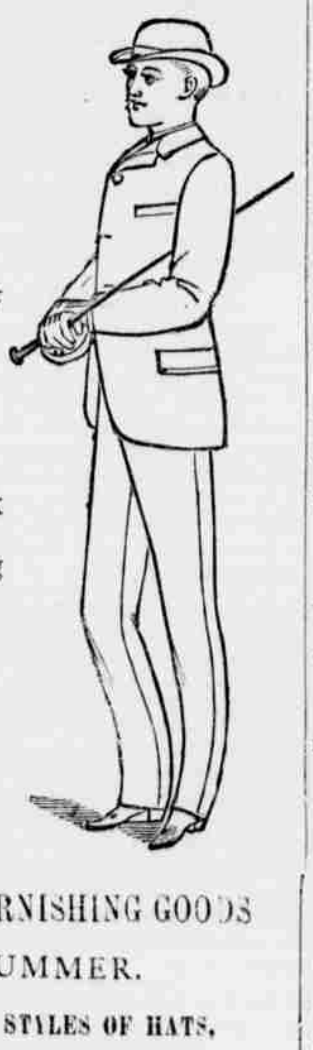
Manufactured Expressly for me.

We guarantee Style, Quality, and Workmanship, to be the BEST.



Also a Very Superior Line of Gents' FURNISHING GOODS for SPRING and SUMMER.

THE LATEST AND NEWEST SPRING STYLES OF HATS,

Just Received, at

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WEBER--HARDMAN

PIANOS,

FINE INLAID FRENCH WALNUT CASE ORGAN, 9 STOPS, $90 CASH.

Easy Terms. Satisfaction Guaranteed.

BACON'S PIANO WARE ROOMS,

MUSIC HALL BLOCK, WILKES-BARRE, PA.

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REST not, life is sweeping by, go and dare before you die, something mighty and sublime leave behind to conquer time." $66 a week in you own town. $5 outfit free. No risk. Everything new. Capital not required. We will furnish you everything. Many are making fortunes. Ladies make as much as men, and boys and girls make great pay. Reader, if you want business at which you can make great pay all the time, write for particulars to H. HALLETT & Co., Portland, Maine D c. 8, '82-1y.

$5 to $20 per day at home. Samples worth $5 free. Address STINSON & Co. Portland, Maine. march 1y 1-y

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Fail to use ALABASTINE for renovating your Walls and ceilings. It is rapidly superseding all other Finish. For durability, beauty and economy, it is without an equal, and can be applied by anyone. If not for sale in your neighborhood, send to SEELEY BROS., 32 Burling Slip, New York. Mar 9 4w d

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The best in the world, are easily obtained in Dakota, Minnesota and Northern Iowa. Get ready to move in the Spring. First come, best served County maps, description of lands, rates of passage and freight, furnished free by JOHN R POTT, Agent, Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul R'y, Williamsport, Pa. No trouble to answer questions. r mar 9-4

There is no Baking Powder equal to the

SIMON PURE

Its qualities, Medicinal and Culinary, guarantee Health and Luxury.

RAILROAD TIME TABLE

PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD. PHILADELPHIA & ERIE R. R. DIVISION AND NORTHERN CENTRAL RAILWAY.

TIME TABLE.

In effect January 15th, 1883. Trains leave Sunbury.

EASTWARD,

9.55 a. m.—Lock Haven Express for Harrisburg and intermediate stations, Lancaster, Philadelphia, New York, Baltimore and Washington, arriving at Philadelphia 3.20 p. m.; New York, 6.20 p. m.; Baltimore, 5.05 p. m.; Washington 6.40 p. m.

1.55 p. m.—Day express for Harrisburg and intermediate stations, Lancaster, Philadelphia, New York, Baltimore and Washington, arriving at Philadelphia 7.25 p. m.; New York, 10.25 p. m.; Baltimore, 7.15 p. m.; Washington, 8.40 p. m. Pullman Parlor car through to Philadelphia and passenger coaches through to Philadelphia and Baltimore.

8.20 p. m.—Williamsport Accommodation for Harrisburg and all intermediate stations, Lancaster, Philadelphia and New York, arriving at Philadelphia 2.55 a. m.; New York 6.20 a. m. Sleeping car accommodations can be secured at Harrisburg for Philadelphia and New York. Philadelphia passengers can remain in sleeper undisturbed until 7 a. m.

1.05 a. m.—Erie Mail for Harrisburg and intermediate stations, Lancaster, Philadelphia, New York, Baltimore and Washington, arriving at Philadelphia 7.55 a. m.; New York, 11.20 a. m.; Baltimore 7.40 a. m.; Washington, 9.10 a. m. Through Pullman sleeping cars are run on this train to Philadelphia, Baltimore and Washington, and through passenger coaches to Philadelphia and Baltimore.

WESTWARD,

6.25 a. m.—Erie Mail for Erie and all intermediate stations with through Pullman Palace car and through passenger coaches to Erie.

For Canandaigua and intermediate stations, Rochester, Buffalo and Niagara Falls, with Pullman Palace car and passenger coaches through to Rochester.

1.20 p. m.—Niagara Express for Kane and intermediate stations with through passenger coaches to Kane. For Canandaigua and principal intermediate stations, Rochester, Buffalo and Niagara Falls with through parlor car to Watkins and through passenger coaches to Rochester.

5.25 p. m., Fast line for Lock Haven and intermediate stations, and Elmira, Watkins and intermediate stations, with through passenger coaches to Lock Haven and Watkins.

THROUGH TRAINS FOR SUNBURY FROM THE EAST AND SOUTH.

Niagara Express leaves New York, 5.15 a. m.; Philadelphia, 8.10 a. m.; Baltimore 7.30 a. m., arriving at Sunbury, 1.20 p. m., with through Pullman Parlor car from Philadelphia and through passenger coaches from Philadelphia and Baltimore.

Fast Line leaves New York 8.00 a. m.; Philadelphia, 11.05 a. m.; Washington, 9.30 a. m.; Baltimore, 10 45 a. m., arriving at Sunbury, 5.20 p. m., with through passenger coaches from Philadelphia and Baltimore.

Erie Mail leaves New York 8.00 p. m.; Philadelphia, 11.20 p. m.; Washington, 9.50 p. m.; Baltimore, 11.15 p. m., arriving at Sunbury, 6.20 a. m., with through Pullman Palace sleeping cars from Philadelphia, Washington and Baltimore and through passenger coaches from Philadelphia.

SUNBURY, HAZLETON & WILKES-BARRE RAILROAD AND NORTH & WEST BRANCH RAILWAY.

Mail East leaves Sunbury 6.45 a. m., arriving at Bloom Ferry 7.41 a. m., Wilkes-barre 9 20 a. m.

Express East leaves Sunbury 5.35 p. m., arriving at Bloom Ferry 6.31 p. m., Wilkes-barre 8 10 p. m.

Mail West leaves Wilkes-barre 10.30 a. m., arriving at Bloom Ferry 12 08 p. m., Sunbury 1.05 p. m.

Express West leaves Wilkes-barre 5 30 p. m. arriving at Bloom Ferry 7 07 p. m., Sunbury 8.05 p. m.

CHAS. E. PUGH, Gen. Manager.
J. R. WOOD, Gen. Passenger Agent.

PHILADELPHA AND READING ROAD

ARRANGEMENT OF PASSENGER TRAINS.

June 26, 1882.

TRAINS LEAVE RUPERT AS FOLLOWS (SUNDAY EXCEPTED.

For New York, Philadelphia, Reading, Pottsville Tamaqua, &c., 11,45 a. m

For Catawissa, 11,45 a. m. 4 56 and 7,20 p. m.

For Williamsport, 6,15 8,50 a. m. and 4,06 p. m.

TRAINS FOR RUPERT LEAVE AS FOLLOWS, (SUNDAY EXCEPTED.)

Leave New York, via. Tamanend 9,00 a. m. and via. Bound Brook Route 7,45 a. m.

Leave Philadelphia, 9,45 a. m.

Leave Reading, 11,55 a. m., Pottsville, 12,30 p. m and Tamaqua, 1,35 p. m.

Leave Catawissa, 6,10 8,40 a. m. and 4,00 p. m.

Leave Williamsport, 9,45 a. m, 2,00 p. m. and 4,30 p. m

Passengers to and from New York, via. Tamanend and to and from Philadelphia go through without change of cars.

J. E. WOOTTEN, General Manager,
C. G. HANCOCK, General Passenger and Ticket Agent.
Jan. 10, 1881—tf.

DELAWARE, LACKAWANNA AND WESTERN RAILROAD.

BLOOMSBURG DIVISION.

NORTH.			STATIONS.	SOUTH		
p.m.	p.m.	a.m.		a.m.	p.m.	p.m.
9 15	2 45	9 45	....Scranton....	9 30	2 10	6 17
9 09			........Bellevue..			6 22
9 03		9 37	......Taylorville..	9 45	20	6 27
8 56		9 30	...Lackawanna..	9 52	27	6 34
8 48		9 24	...... Pittston....	9 58	34	6 41
8 42		9 19	.. West Pittston	10 03	39	6 46
8 37		9 14	......Wyoming....	10 08	44	6 51
			.........Maltby....			6 55
			.........Bennett....			6 58
8 25	00	9 04	.....Kingston...	10 18	54	7 02
8 25	1 50	9 04	.....Kingston...	10 18	2 54	7 10
	1 42		.Plymouth Junc			7 17
8 16	1 35	8 55	....Plymouth...	10 26	3 02	7 22
	1 25		......Avondale...		3 06	7 26
8 07	1 18	8 47	......Nanticoke..	10 34	3 10	7 37
8 00	1 03	8 39	Hunlock's Creek	10 42	3 18	8 09
7 46	12 42	8 28	...Shickshinny.	10 55	3 33	8 25
7 33	12 25	8 17	...Hick's Ferry.	11 07	3 45	8 40
7 26	12 15	8 12	....Beach Haven.	11 13	3 51	8 50
7 20	12 00	8 06	.... Berwick ..	11 20	3 57	9 00
7 13	11 47		.....Briar Creek..			8 00
7 09	11 40	7 56	...Willow Grove.		4 07	8 05
7 05	11 32	7 52	.....Lime Ridge..		4 12	8 10
6 57	11 16	7 44	..........Espy......	11 29	4 20	8 18
6 51	10 58	7 38	...Bloomsburg..	11 46	4 27	8 25
6 45	10 50	7 33	........Rupert......	11 56	4 33	8 30
6 37	10 44	7 29	Catawi'a Bridge	11 55	4 38	8 35
6 18	10 22	7 11	.....Danville....	12 18	4 56	8 52
6 10	10 08		.....Chulasky...			9 00
6 04	10		.....Cameron...		5 09	9 04
5 45	9	6 45	Northumberl'd	12 45	5 25	9 20
p.m.	a.m.	a..m.		p.m.	p.m.	a.m.

W. F. HALSTEAD, Supt.
Superintendent's office, Scranton. Feb. 1st. 1882.

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OF ALL PLANTS, FOR ALL CROPS, FOR ALL CLIMATES.

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HIRAM SIBLEY & CO. Seedsmen, Rochester, N. Y., and Chicago, Ill.

A & S Feb 9-1y

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